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Publisher Correction: Opinion amplification causes extreme polarization in social networks

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Correction to: *Scientific Reports* <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-22856-z>, published online 28 October 2022.

The original HTML version of this Article contained an error in Figure 2, where panels (e) and (f) did not display correctly.

The original Figure 2 and accompanying legend appear below.

This error has now been corrected in the HTML version of the Article; the PDF version was correct from the time of publication.

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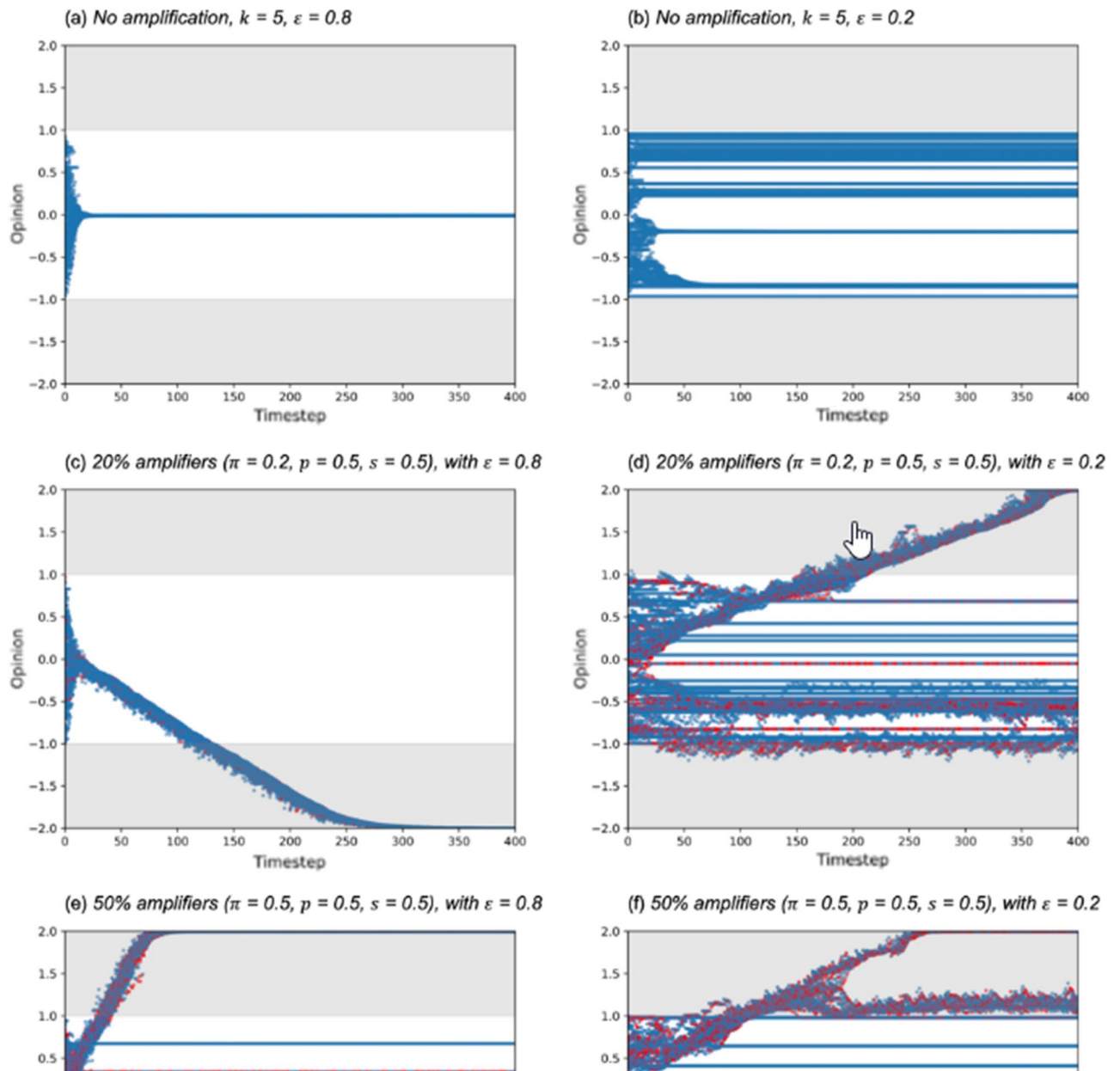



Figure 2. Opinions of individuals starting from a random distribution $[-1.0, 1.0]$ under a range of conditions. Red dots denote individuals who are amplifying in that timestep. Grey areas indicate opinions outside the initial opinion range. Y-axis shown from -2.0 to 2.0 (double the initial opinion range) for clarity; in (c) to (f), opinions exceed this range and become even more extreme.

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