OPEN **Author Correction:** Nanostructural Diversity of Synapses in the Mammalian Spinal Cord

Matthew J. Broadhead, Calum Bonthron, Lauren Arcinas, Sumi Bez, Fei Zhu, Frances Goff, Jonathan Nylk , Kishan Dholakia, Frank Gunn-Moore, Seth G. N. Grant & Gareth B. Miles

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The original version of this Article contained an error in Figure 1D, where the y-axis label “Puncta Density (Number per 200 μm^2)” was incorrectly given as “Puncta Density (Number per 20 μm^2)”.

The original Figure 1 and accompanying legend appear below.

The original Article has been corrected.

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◀**Figure 1.** Mapping PSD95-eGFP PSDs in the Mouse Spinal Cord. **(A)** High magnification tiled imaging was performed on half-spinal cord sections from PSD95-eGFP mice from three age groups (n = 3 mice per age group). Quantitative analysis was performed at the single synapse level to study synaptic diversity between laminae and across age groups. **(B)** Example images of PSD95-eGFP PSDs in three laminae from each age group. Note the formation of large elongated PSDs in VII of Adult and Aged mice. **(C)** The mean ‘field’ intensity of PSD95-eGFP labelling was quantified from entire delineated laminae at each age. Age groups are colour coded as Young (blue), Adult (orange) and Aged (grey). Colour-coded lines indicate statistical significance between laminae within an age group following a post-hoc test. The PSD density (number per unit area) **(D)**, the mean fluorescence intensity of PSDs **(E)** and the median PSD size **(F)** is also plotted for each lamina in each age group.

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