



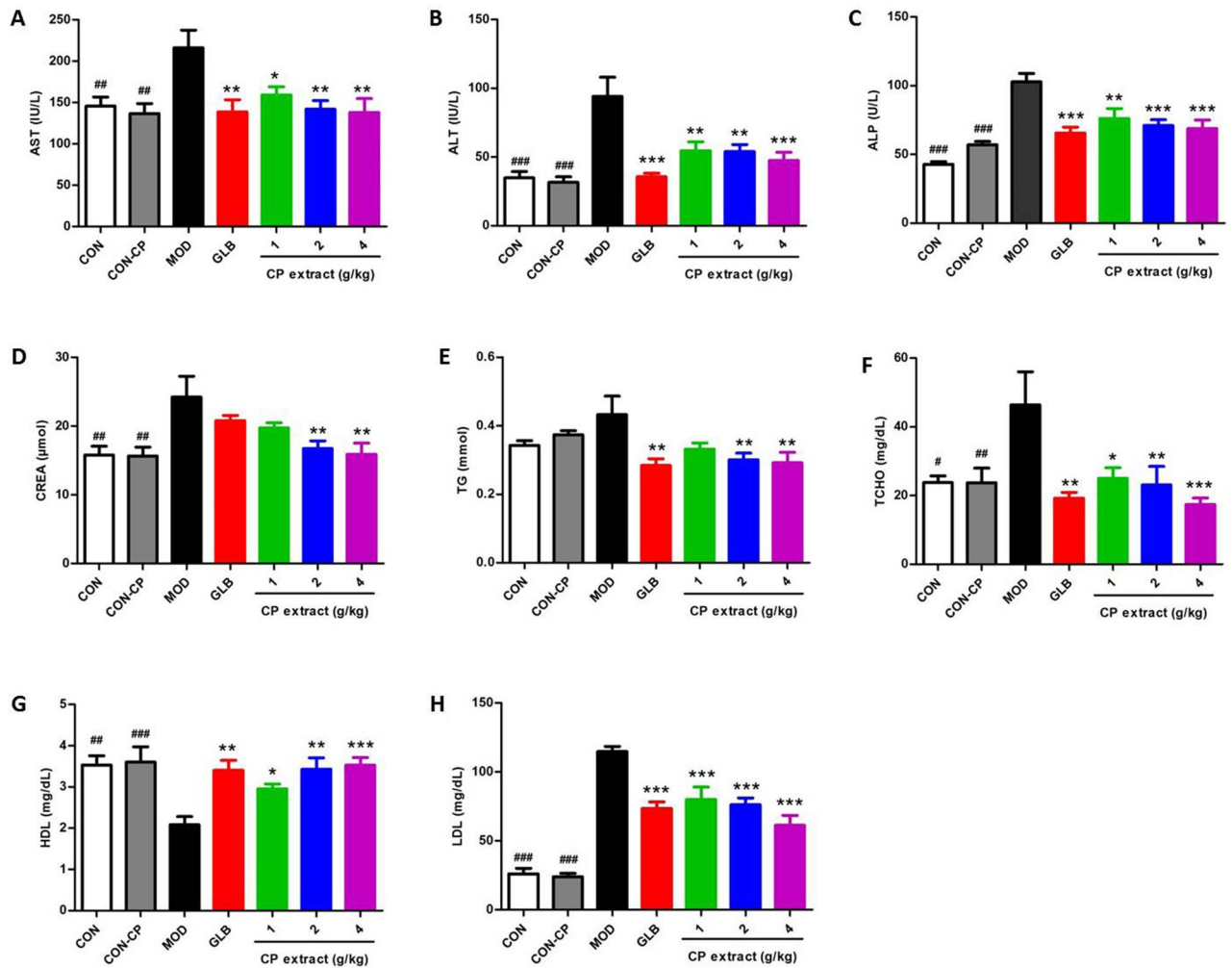
**OPEN** **Author Correction: *Cyclocarya paliurus* tea leaves enhances pancreatic  $\beta$  cell preservation through inhibition of apoptosis**

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This Article contains an error in Figure 9 where the y-axis label in panel (F) is incorrect. The correct Figure 9 appears below as Figure 1.



**Figure 1.** The effects of CP extract on the blood biochemical changes of diabetic mice. The type 2 diabetic mice were induced by feeding with high-fat diet for 4 weeks and then injecting intraperitoneally with 25 mg/kg STZ for 3 days consecutively. The diabetic mice with consecutive 7-day hyperglycemia (11 mmol/L or greater) were selected for the experiment and then CP extract or glibenclamide were administered to mice for consecutive 5 weeks. At the end of experiment, mice were sacrificed. The samples of blood were collected and relevant blood biochemicals in serum were measured by using corresponding commercially available kits. Blood (A) ALT, (B) AST, (C) ALP, (D) CREA, (E) TG, (F) TCHO, (G) LDL and (H) HDL levels. All data are presented as means  $\pm$  SEM ( $n=8$ ). #  $p<0.05$ , ##  $p<0.01$  and ###  $p<0.001$ , diabetic model group compared with non-diabetic groups; \*  $p<0.05$ , \*\*  $p<0.01$  and \*\*\*  $p<0.001$ , compared with diabetic model group. CON: non-diabetic control group; CON-CP: CP extract-treated non-diabetic control group; MOD: diabetic model group; GLB: glibenclamide-treated diabetic group.



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