SCIENTIFIC REPORTS
nature research

OPEN

Author Correction: FMNL2 and -3 regulate Golgi architecture and anterograde transport downstream of Cdc42

Published online: 26 November 2019

Frieda Kage, Anika Steffen, Adolf Ellinger, Carmen Ranftler, Christian Gehre, Cord Brakebusch, Margit Pavelka, Theresia Stradal & Klemens Rottner

Correction to: *Scientific Reports* https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-017-09952-1, published online 29 August 2017

This Article contains an error in the Methods section under the subheading 'DNA-constructs'.

"For EGFP-tagging, the full length sequence was amplified using forward primer 5′-GAGGAATTCATGGGCAATGCTGCCGG-3′ and reverse primer 5′-GAGGGATCCCTAGTGGTGGTGATGATGG-3′ harboring a stop codon."

should read:

"For EGFP-tagging, the full length sequence was amplified using forward primer 5′-GAGGAATTCATGGGCAATGCTGCCGG-3′ and reverse primer 5′-GAGGGATCCCTACAGGGGCATTTCCTCGCC-3′ harboring a stop codon."

In addition, this Article contains an error in the Results and Discussion section under the subheading 'Cdc42-induced FMNL2/3 accumulation stimulates formin-specific actin filament assembly'.

"Importantly, respective FMNL2 and FMNL3 mutants (FMNL2-I1704A and FMNL3-1649A, respectively) still co-localized with Cdc42, but failed to induce the prominent actin accumulations frequently seen with wildtype FMNL2 or FMNL3 (Fig. 2b)."

should read:

"Importantly, respective FMNL2 and FMNL3 mutants (FMNL2-I704A and FMNL3-I649A, respectively) still co-localized with Cdc42, but failed to induce the prominent actin accumulations frequently seen with wildtype FMNL2 or FMNL3 (Fig. 2b)."