



## Author Correction: Ab initio predictions link the neutron skin of $^{208}\text{Pb}$ to nuclear forces

Correction to: *Nature Physics*

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-022-01715-8>,  
published online 22 August 2022.

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-023-02324-9>

Published online: 20 November 2023



Baishan Hu , Weiguang Jiang , Takayuki Miyagi , Zhonghao Sun,  
Andreas Ekström, Christian Forssén , Gaute Hagen , Jason D. Holt ,  
Thomas Papenbrock , S. Ragnar Stroberg & Ian Vernon

The initially published version of the paper contained an error. Matrix elements in the normal-ordering procedure of the three-nucleon force were computed incorrectly, which influences results presented in Fig. 3a. The figure has been corrected, and the Source Data file for Fig. 3 has been replaced. These changes have no effect on the conclusions drawn in the article regarding the neutron skin thickness of  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  and other properties of finite nuclei.

The fourth sentence in the Discussion now starts “We find that both  $R_{\text{skin}}(^{208}\text{Pb}) = 0.14\text{--}0.20\text{ fm}$  and the slope parameter  $L = 38\text{--}69\text{ MeV}$  are strongly correlated with scattering in the  $^1\text{S}_0$  partial wave for laboratory energies around 50 MeV”, replacing the original wording “We find that both  $R_{\text{skin}}(^{208}\text{Pb}) = 0.14\text{--}0.20\text{ fm}$  and the slope parameter  $L = 37\text{--}66\text{ MeV}$  are strongly correlated with scattering in the  $^1\text{S}_0$  partial wave for laboratory energies around 50 MeV”.

The error also affects results presented in Methods, Extended Data Table 2 and Extended Data Figs. 6–8.

The final two sentences in the third paragraph of the “Bayesian machine learning error model” section (in Methods) now read “In this work, we find  $\bar{c}_{PNM} = 0.99$  and  $l_{PNM} = 0.88\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for pure neutron matter and  $\bar{c}_{SNM} = 1.66$  and  $l_{SNM} = 0.45\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for symmetric nuclear matter. This leads to  $Q = 0.41$  when estimating the model errors for  $E/A$  in  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{208}\text{Pb}$ ”, replacing the original wording “In this work, we find  $\bar{c}_{PNM} = 1.00$  and  $l_{PNM} = 0.92\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for pure neutron matter and  $\bar{c}_{SNM} = 1.55$  and  $l_{SNM} = 0.48\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for symmetric nuclear matter.”

Furthermore, the fourth sentence after Eq. (14) that reads “The correlation lengths learned from the training data are  $l_{me,PNM} = 0.83\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for pure neutron matter and  $l_{me,SNM} = 0.39\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for symmetric nuclear matter.” was changed from “The correlation lengths learned from the training data are  $l_{me,PNM} = 0.81\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for pure neutron matter and  $l_{me,SNM} = 0.34\text{ fm}^{-1}$  for symmetric nuclear matter.”

Finally, the last sentence of the same paragraph now starts with “Here we simply used  $0.83\text{ fm}^{-1}$  ( $0.39\text{ fm}^{-1}$ ) as the correlation length ...” which was changed from the original text “Here we simply used  $0.81\text{ fm}^{-1}$  ( $0.34\text{ fm}^{-1}$ ) as the correlation length ...”.

All results that involve predictions for properties of infinite nuclear matter have been corrected. Predictions for properties of finite nuclei, including the thickness of the neutron skin, are not affected. The original and corrected versions of Fig. 3, Extended Data Table 2 and Extended Data Figs. 6, 7b and 8a are shown in the Supplementary Information for this amendment, and the errors have been corrected in the HTML and PDF versions of the article.

Supplementary Information is available in the online version of this amendment.

### Additional information

**Supplementary information** The online version contains supplementary material available at <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-023-02324-9>.

**Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

© The Author(s) 2023