CORRECTION

Correction: Psychedelic effects of psilocybin correlate with serotonin 2A receptor occupancy and plasma psilocin levels

Martin K. Madsen^{1,2}, Patrick M. Fisher¹, Daniel Burmester^{1,2}, Agnete Dyssegaard¹, Dea S. Stenbæk¹, Sara Kristiansen¹, Sys S. Johansen³, Szczabolz Lehel⁴, Kristian Linnet³, Claus Svarer¹, David Erritzoe⁵, Brice Ozenne^{1,6} and Gitte M. Knudsen^{1,2}

Neuropsychopharmacology (2019) 44:1336–1337; <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41386-019-0360-5>

Correction to: *Neuropsychopharmacology* (2019) <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41386-019-0324-9>, published online 26 January 2019

The original version of this article contained an error in the labelling of Figs. 2 and 3. While the captions and figures

themselves are correct, in order to correspond with the in-text references, they have now been re-numbered in both the PDF and HTML versions of the article.

¹Neurobiology Research Unit, Copenhagen University Hospital Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen 2100, Denmark; ²Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen 2100, Denmark; ³Department of Forensic Medicine, Section of Forensic Chemistry, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen 2100, Denmark; ⁴PET and Cyclotron Unit, Copenhagen University Hospital Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen 2100, Denmark; ⁵Department of Medicine, Psychedelic Research Group, Neuropsychopharmacology Unit, Centre for Psychiatry, Division of Brain Sciences, Imperial College London, London, UK and ⁶Department of Public Health, Section of Biostatistics, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark
Correspondence: Gitte M. Knudsen (gmk@nru.dk)

Fig. 2

Fig. 3