

- [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(09\)61252-6](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(09)61252-6)
122. Rennard S, Donohue J, Bateman E, Gross N, Garcia-Gil E, Caracta C. ACCLAIM/COPD II: Efficacy and safety of aclidinium bromide, a novel, long-acting muscarinic antagonist in COPD patients, a Phase III study. *Eur Respir J* 2009;**34**(Suppl 53):777s.
 123. Jones P, Agusti J, Chanez P, et al. Efficacy and safety of aclidinium bromide, a novel long-acting muscarinic antagonist, in patients with moderate to severe COPD. *Eur Respir J* 2009;**34**(Suppl 53):345s.
 124. Vestbo J, Vogelmeier C, Creemers J, Ribera A, Garcia-Gil E. Rate of onset of action of aclidinium bromide, a novel, long-acting muscarinic antagonist. *Eur Respir J* 2009;**34**(Suppl 53):779s.
 125. Aaron SD, Vandemheen KL, Fergusson D, et al. Tiotropium in combination with placebo, salmeterol, or fluticasone-salmeterol for treatment of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: a randomized trial. *Ann Intern Med* 2007;**146**(8):545-55.
 126. de Marco R, Accordini S, Cerveri I, et al. An international survey of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in young adults according to GOLD stages. *Thorax* 2004;**59**(2):120-5. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/thorax.2003.011163>
 127. Calverley PM. COPD: early detection and intervention. *Chest* 2000;**117**(5 Suppl 2):365S-71S. http://dx.doi.org/10.1378/chest.117.5_suppl_2.365S
 128. Miravittles M, De la RC, Naberan K, Lamban M, Gobartt E, Martin A, Chapman KR. Attitudes toward the diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in primary care. *Arch Bronconeumol* 2006;**42**(1):3-8. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1579-2129\(06\)60106-7](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1579-2129(06)60106-7)
 129. van Schayck CP, Loozen JMC, Wagena E, Akkermans RP, Wesseling GJ. Detecting patients at a high risk of developing chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in general practice: cross sectional case finding study. *Br Med J* 2002;**324**:1370-4.
 130. Buffels J, Degryse J, Heyrman J, Decramer M. Office spirometry significantly improves early detection of COPD in general practice: the DIDASCO Study. *Chest* 2004;**125**(4):1394-9. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1378/chest.125.4.1394>
 131. Kaufmann M, Hartl S, Geyer K, Breyer MK, Burghuber OC. Measuring FEV(6) for detecting early airway obstruction in the primary care setting. Quality and utility of the new PiKo-6 device. *Respiration* 2009;**78**(2):161-7. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1159/000197466>
 132. Price D, Crockett A, Arne M, et al. Spirometry in primary care case-identification, diagnosis and management of COPD. *Prim Care Resp J* 2009;**18**(3):216-23. <http://dx.doi.org/10.4104/pcrj.2009.00055>
 133. George J, Kong DC, Thoman R, Stewart K. Factors associated with medication nonadherence in patients with COPD. *Chest* 2005;**128**(5):3198-204. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1378/chest.128.5.3198>
 134. George J, Kong DC, Stewart K. Adherence to disease management programs in patients with COPD. *Int J Chron Obstruct Pulmon Dis* 2007;**2**(3):253-62.
 135. Vestbo J, Anderson JA, Calverley PM, et al. Adherence to inhaled therapy, mortality and hospital admission in COPD. *Thorax* 2009;**64**(11):939-43. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/thx.2009.113662>
 136. Celli B. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. From unjustified nihilism to evidence-based optimism. *Proc Am Thorac Soc* 2006;**3**:58-65. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1513/pats.200510-111JH>
 137. Kohansal R, Martinez-Cambor P, Agusti A, Buist AS, Mannino DM, Soriano JB. The natural history of chronic airflow obstruction revisited: an analysis of the Framingham offspring cohort. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2009;**180**(1):3-10. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1164/rccm.200901-0047OC>
 138. Barnes PJ, Drazen JM, Rennard SI, Thomson NC. Asthma and COPD, second edition: Basic mechanisms and clinical management.: Academic Press, 2008

Available online at <http://www.thepcrj.org>

CORRIGENDUM

Corrigendum to 'The use of roflumilast in COPD: a primary care perspective' (*Prim Care Resp J* 2010;**19**(4):342-351)

David Price, Alison Chisholm, Dermot Ryan, Alan Crockett, Rupert Jones

The authors regret that an error occurred in Figure 3 on page 349, which has already been corrected in the online version of the paper:

The text in the first two shaded boxes on the left-hand side of the Figure read:

At risk

- FEV₁/FVC <0.70
- FEV₁ ≥80% predicted

Mild

- FEV₁/FVC <0.70
- 50% ≤ FEV₁ <80% predicted

and should read

At risk

- FEV₁/FVC ≥0.70
- FEV₁ ≥80% predicted

Mild

- FEV₁/FVC <0.70
- FEV₁ ≥80% predicted

* Corresponding author: Professor David Price, Centre of Academic Primary Care, University of Aberdeen, Foresterhill Health Centre, Westburn Road, Aberdeen, Scotland, AB25 2AY, UK. Tel: +44 (0)1224 554588 Fax: +44 (0)1224 840683 E-mail: david@respiratoryresearch.org

DOI of original article: doi:10.4104/pcrj.2010.00066