Nature Reviews Urology 10, 65 (2013); published online 11 December 2012;

doi:10.1038/nrurol.2012.245;

doi:10.1038/nrurol.2012.246:

doi:10.1038/nrurol.2012.244;

doi:10.1038/nrurol.2012.247

IN BRIEF

SEXUAL DYSFUNCTION

Efficacy of Sheares neovagina for müllerian agenesis

The Sheares neovagina can provide good long-term sexual and anatomical outcomes for women with Mayer-von Rokitansky-Küster-Hauser syndrome (also known as müllerian agenesis), according to a recent study of 43 consecutive patients. 8 years after surgery, 86% of patients were regularly sexually active, with a mean total Female Sexual Function Index of 27.2 and a median pelvic floor contraction of 4. Although 25% of study participants experienced grade I cystoceles, rectoceles, or apical descent, these complications were all asymptomatic.

Original article Kuhn, A. et al. Prolapse and sexual function 8 years after neovagina according to Shears: a study of 43 cases with Mayer-von Rokitansky-Küster-Hauser syndrome. Int. Urogynecol. J. doi:10.1007/s00192-012-1980-z

BLADDER CANCER

Should all radical cystectomy patients receive alvimopan?

New data show that routine administration of alvimopan could be a financially viable option for preventing postoperative ileus in patients undergoing radical cystectomy. Hilton *et al.* performed decision-tree model analysis of healthcare costs and outcome probabilities, and concluded that routine use of alvimopan could reduce costs—assuming that postoperative ileus extends hospital stay by \geq 3.5 days and occurs in \geq 14% of patients, and alvimopan reduces the risk of postoperative ileus by \geq 44%.

Original article Hilton, W. et al. Alvimopan for prevention of postoperative paralytic ileus in radical cystectomy patients: a cost-effectiveness analysis. *BJU Int.* doi:10.1111/j.1464-410X.2012.11499.x

PHARMACOLOGY

Pharmacokinetic interactions between HCV and HIV drugs

Data from a randomized study suggest that drug—drug interactions reduce the efficacy of boceprevir (hepatitis C [HCV] medication) and ritonavir-boosted protease inhibitors (HIV medication) upon coadministration. 39 healthy adults received boceprevir for 6 days, followed by atazanavir, lopinavir, or darunavir for 25 days (plus ritonavir on days 10–31 and boceprevir on days 25–31). Concomitant administration of these anti-HCV and anti-HIV drugs resulted in significantly reduced exposure of both agents.

Original article Hulskotte, E. G. et al. Pharmacokinetic interactions between the HCV protease inhibitor boceprevir and ritonavir-boosted HIV-1 protease inhibitors atazanavir, darunavir, and lopinavir. Clin. Infect. Dis. doi:10.1093/cid/cis968

QUALITY OF LIFE

Development of the ISC-Q quality-of-life questionnaire

Researchers from Oxford, UK, have developed and validated a patient-reported outcome measure—the Intermittent Self-Catheterization Questionnaire (ISC-Q)—for evaluating quality of life in patients with chronic retention who self-catheterize. ISC-Q validation, which involved 306 individuals with neurologic urinary retention, established that the test was psychometrically robust, with excellent internal consistency, adequate test-retest reliability, and good validity.

Original article Pinder, B. et al. Development and psychometric validation of the Intermittent Self-Catheterization Questionnaire. Clin. Ther. doi:10.1016/j.clinthera.2012.10.006