



Inhibition of NFκB activation and aromatase activity by vanilloids: An *in vitro* and *in silico* study

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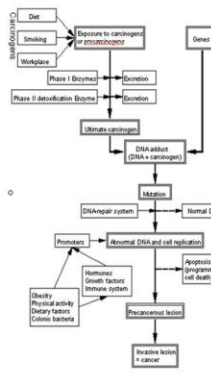


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Stages of Chemical Carcinogenesis

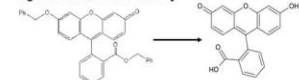
Chemical Reductase Antioxidant

Cytochrome Oxidase Anticarcinogen Inhibition of NFκB activation

H₂O₂ Differentiation Anti-Estrogenic

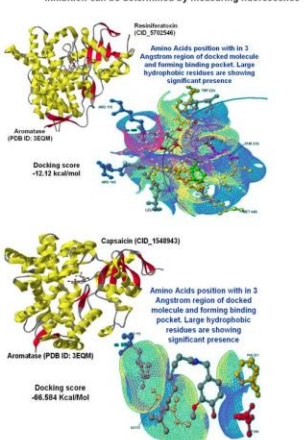
AROMATASE

- Cytochrome P450 (CYP19)
- Aromatizes androgens (testosterone and androstenedione) to estrogens (estradiol and estrone)
- Inhibitors decrease bioavailable estrogen and display significant anti-tumor activity

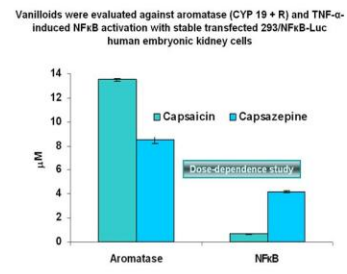
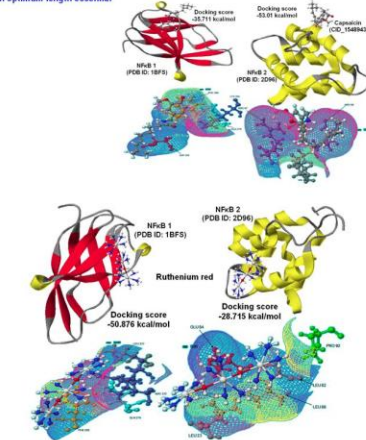
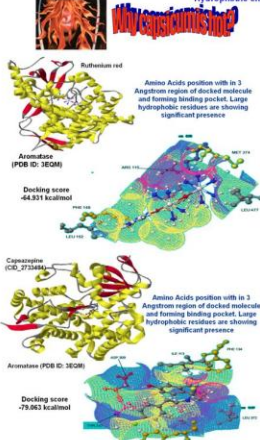
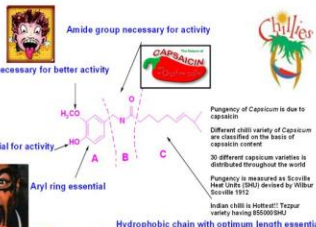


Aromatase converts dibenzylfluorestin to fluorecein

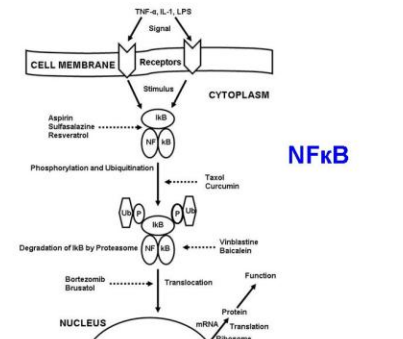
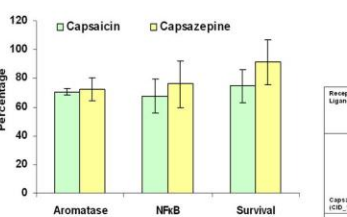
Inhibition can be determined by measuring fluorescence



STRUCTURE AND ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIP OF CAPSAICIN



Aromatase assay: Maiti et al., (2007)
NFκB Luciferase Reporter Assay: Homhual et al., (2006)
Cytotoxicity by SRB Assay: Skehan P et al., (1990)



Receptor Ligand	AROMATASE (PDB ID: 3EQM)		NF-κB (PDB ID: 2D96)		NF-κB (PDB ID: 1BF5)		ORPHENHINE DECARBOXYLASE (PDB ID: 1C7V)		QUINONE REDUCTASE II (PDB ID: 1L0R)		QUINONE REDUCTASE I (PDB ID: 1G0S)	
	PMP	AA	PMP	AA	PMP	AA	PMP	AA	PMP	AA	PMP	AA
Capsaicin (CID: 148843)	-66.84		-63.81		-36.71		102.87		65.89		43.97	
capsazepine (CID: 273454)			-67.47		-49.06		-87.22		65.87		-77.60	

Note:
AA (A*) Amino Acids position with in 3 Angstrom region of docked molecule and forming binding pocket.
Red colored amino acid indicates conservation & thus found in all pockets.
PMP Potential Mean Force value as docking score in kcal/mol unit.
Docking score in negative value means good interaction (low energy) between bioactive chemical molecule and target receptor. Positive docking score indicates poor interaction energy, thus should be rejected as a potential target receptor.
Highlight amino acid as the common amino acid showing bind with all lead molecule with respect to each receptor.

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