Mizoribin as a inhibitor for leukocyte immunoglobulin receptor subfamily A member3



Presented by Varala Sravani M.Sc. Department of Bioinformatics SVIMS University Tirupati.

INTRODUCTION

LILR S family:

The leukocyte Ig-like receptor (LILR/ILT/LIR) family comprises
13 members regulating a broad range of cells in the immune
responses. They can recognize MHC (major histocompatibility
complex) class I molecules

✓ The leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptors contains receptors possessing extra cellular immunoglobulin domains .

They are also known as CD85,ILTs and LIR, and can exert immuno modulatory effects on a wide range of immune cells.

 Leukocyte IG like receptors are also expressed predominantly on monocytes and B cells .

Leukocyte immunoglobulin receptor sub family A member 3(LILRA3):

LILRA3 is highly homologous to other LILR genes and bind with the human leukocyte antigen (HLA) class I and acts as a soluble receptor for class -1 molecules.

LILRA3 is the only secretary LILR and control the inhibitory immune response induced by LILRB1, LILRB2, and other HLA-binding LILR molecules like LILRA1.



Disease related to LILRA3

LILRA3 impair interactions on membrane-bound LILRs with their HLA ligands, thus modulating immune responses and leads to HLA class-1 associated diseases

The increased levels of LILRA3 in serum of patients with RA(Rheumatoid Arthritis), monocytes and B cells from patients with RA show increased expression of LILRA3 mRNA. These suggest that lymphocyte and/or monocytederived LILRA3 play a role of inflammation in RA.

 \geq RA is an autoimmune disease leading to chronic inflammation of the joints

affecting the synovial membrane, cartilage and bone.

The Elevated levels of LILRA3 in RA patients leads to stroke.

To identify a novel inhibitor for leukocyte immunoglobulin receptor subfamily A member3 against stroke in RA patients

OBJECTIVES

Sequential and functional analysis of the protein LILRA3

Building a 3D model for LILRA3 using Modeller 9V9.

Docking Analysis of LILRA3 using SCHRODINGER software



Visualization of Modeled Structure



VALIDATION RESULTS



Plot statistics

307	90.6%
24	7.1%
5	1.5%
3	0.9%
339	100.0%
1	
38	
37	
415	
	307 24 5 3 339 1 38 37 415

Based on an analysis of 118 structures of resolution of at least 2.0 Angstroms and R-factor no greater than 20%, a good quality model would be expected to have over 90% in the most favoured regions.

PROSA RESULT



✓ PROSA tool graph showed all over model quality of the structure and the location of the Z-score for the structure

✓ The Z-score of LILRA3 was present in the range represented in black dot

CAST p Results

✓ The ligand binding sites were estimated through CASTp analysis. Binding sites from CASTp analysis are





Ser -338, Glu-360, Ser-389, Ala-392, Gly-393, Thr-394, Glu-416,Leu-417,Val-418, Val-419,421-Gly,422-Ala, 423-Ala,424-Glu,425-Thr, 426-Leu, 427-Ser, 428-Pro, 429-Pro,430-Gln,432-Lys, 433-Ser,434-Asp,435-Ser, 436-Leu,439-<u>Glu.</u>

Docking

 Docking is frequently used to predict the binding orientation of small molecule / drug candidates to their protein targets in order
to predict the affinity of the small molecule.

$$\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{p} \longrightarrow \mathbf{p}$$



Docking score plot of ligand and leads

EAD LEAD EAD EAD EAD EAD EAD EAD 48 S S S -2 -4 -6 Ú -7.34 -7.21 -7.17 -7.13 -8 -7.97 -7.93 -7.93 -7.92 -7.84 -7.8 -7.79 -7.71 -8.97 -8.95 -8.64 Lead 10 molecules -9.913-9.89 Published 10.71 ligand 12 0



Docking Complex



✓ Docking complex of lead 1 with LILRA3 protein with an negative XP G Score of -10.70 K cal/mol

Hydrogen bond network of lead "1" with LILRA3 protein



The lead1 forms 4 hydrogen bonds Thr 425, Glu -360, Ser-433, Val-419. The first hydrogen bond forms a bond length of 2.106. The second hydrogen has 2.040 length and third one has 2.064 and the fourth has 2.080 bond lengths respectively . The other van der Waal residues like Val-418, Gly-393, Asp-434, Ser-433, Lys -432 forms hydrogen bond network

Mizoribine as potent Lead

✓ The lead "1" obtained is identified as MIZORIBINE

 ✓ Mizoribine (trade name Bredinin) is an immuno suppresive drug. It is a natural product, first isolated from the mould *Eupenicillium brefeldianum*.



Eupenicillium brefeldianum, an ascomycetes harvested from the soil of Hachijo Island, Tokyo, Japan, in 1971, produces mizoribine (MZB). MZB is a nucleoside of the imidazole class, and was found to have weak antimicrobial activity against *Candida albicans*, but it proved ineffective against experimental candidiasis



LILRA3 belongs to Ig family consisting of 439 amino acids

The function of LILRA3 is to act as soluble receptor for class1 MHC antigens.

The over expression of LILRA3 in serum of patients with

RA show lymphocyte suppression leads to stroke .

The lead '1' obtained (mizoribine) have better binding

affinity, good docking score and orientation with LILRA3 for

the suppression of lymphocyte in RA.

Hence lead'1'(mizoribine) can be suggested as a promising lead for the treatment of RA patients causing stroke.

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