### **Dynamic Structures in SBML**

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COMBINE 2011 September 4, 2011

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### Motivation



Standardized Model Description Language for Multi-Cellular Simulations:

- Several workshops including one last week at ICSB.
- Synthetic Biology Open Language (SBOL):
  - Emerging standard for synthetic biology (more on this tomorrow).

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Sep

Precedings : doi:10.1038/npre.2011.6342.1 : Posted

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Sep

Dynamic Structures in SBML

#### Posted 5 Sep Cell Behavior Ontology (CBO): Precedings : doi:10.1038/npre.2011.6342.1 : http://cbo.biocomplexity.indiana.edu/cbo Property Processes (object structure remains static): Movement • Growth ٠ Secretion Absorption ۲ Diffusion Decay ٠ Advection Entity Processes (object structure changes): Polarization Differentiation ۵ Division Death

Cell Behavior Ontology

- Performed this experiment using Version 2.0 of our iBioSim tool: http://www.async.ece.utah.edu/iBioSim/
- $\tt iBioSim$  adds the following syntactic sugar:
  - Constructs for genetic regulation.
    - (i.e., promoters that can be activated and repressed)
  - Support for hierarchical models.
  - Notion of grids.
  - Diffusible species.

Creates a single flattened SBML model using L3V1 core for simulation.

# NYTimes: Expressing Our Individuality, the Way E. Coli Do



5 Sep	Model for Elowitz Experiment
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5 Sep	Dynamic Model for Elowitz Experiment
doi:10.1038/npre.2011.638/	Schematic Compartments Parameters Definitions Assignments Properties Events
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### Dynamic Model for Elowitz Experiment

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Schematic Compartments Para	ID:	CeliDivision
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	Priority:	
	Use values at trigger time:	
	Trigger is persistent:	
	Trigger initially true:	
	List of Event Assignments:	
	Divide = 1	
	GFP = GFP / 2 PEP = PEP / 2	
	Size = 50	
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## Dynamic Model for Elowitz Experiment

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## Dynamic Model for Elowitz Experiment

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		Trigger is persistent:	
		Trigger initially true:	
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## Dynamic Population Simulation for Elowitz Experiment

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#### Support for property processes is not too difficult:

- Growth is easy.
- Secretion, absorption, and diffusion facilitated with diffusible species.
- Movement is possible with specialized species.
- Support for entity processes is possible, but it is a hack:
  - All possible objects that may be needed must be statically instantiated.
  - Cell death is easy, but model objects remain, making simulation inefficient.
  - Cell differentiation is easy, but all needed objects always present.
  - Cell division sort of works, but it is difficult to get just right.

#### Add new event actions:

- Create (new) object
- Destroy (delete) object
- Enables adding new objects needed for cell differentiation or division.
- Allows objects to be removed such as when a cell dies.
- Could replace models on the fly to perform better abstraction.
- **Challenge**: substantial change to simulation paradigm as well as significant added complexity.

#### Can be tedious to create complete models.

- Utilize the hierarchal model composition package.
- Must keep identifiers unique and handle model interconnections.
  - Utilize arrays and sets package.
- Requires some way to initialize the instantiated object.

Approximate quotes overheard at the Multi-Cellular Workshop: SBML is only for modeling reaction networks.

SBML must adapt to us, we will not adapt to it.

SBML is too big and complicated to deal with.

How should we respond and deal with these types of concerns?

Come to break out session on Tuesday at 9:00am.