# Reconsidering the New Normal: Trauma, Vulnerability & Resilience in Post-Katrina New Orleans

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# Urban trauma & social-ecological resilience across the Katrina event (2000-2010)













Socio-ecological drivers of urban land use & biodiversity following traumatic events

Socio-economic Resource availability Risks & vulnerabilities Perceptions of risk & vulnerability Departure & return Investment & valuation

Socio-ecological drivers of urban land use & biodiversity following traumatic events

Ecological Disturbance

Recovery, recolonization, resilience Ecosystem functions & services

# Changes in urban communities, land use & biodiversity following traumatic events

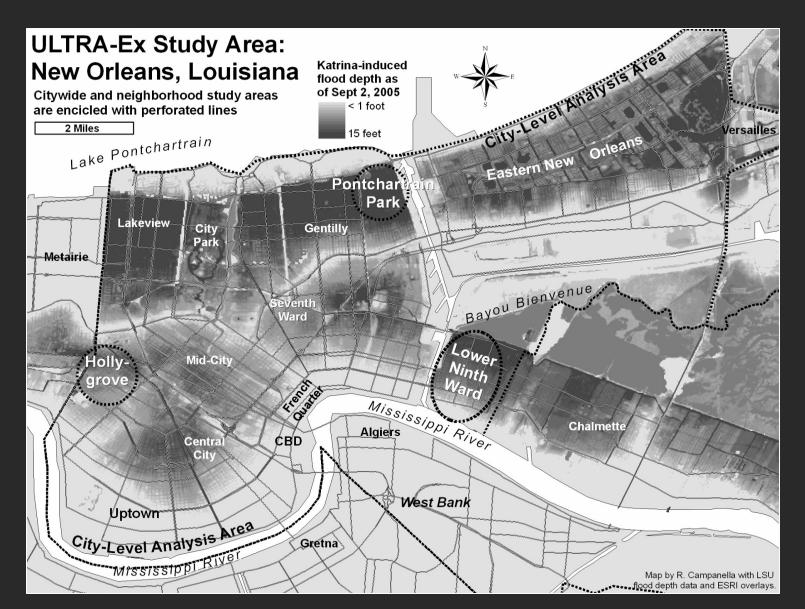
How do traumatic events alter urban ecological and social diversity, and their attendant spatial distributions?

How is pre-trauma ecological and social diversity related to the resilience of post-trauma urban communities?

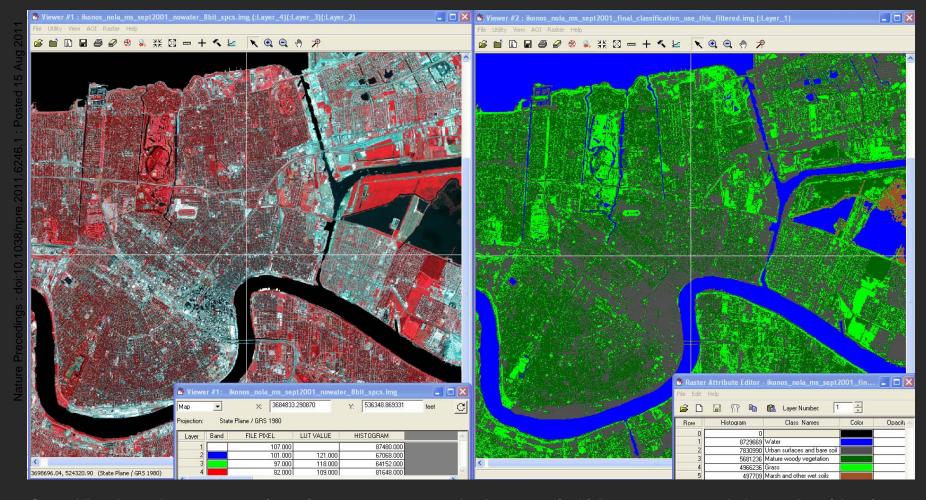
Parallels & interactions between social & biological diversity?

Degree of trauma? Spatial scale? Location?

# City-wide and neighborhood scale studies pre-trauma vs. post-trauma (2000-2010) conditions



### City-wide and neighborhood scale studies Compilation and processing of LU/LC data

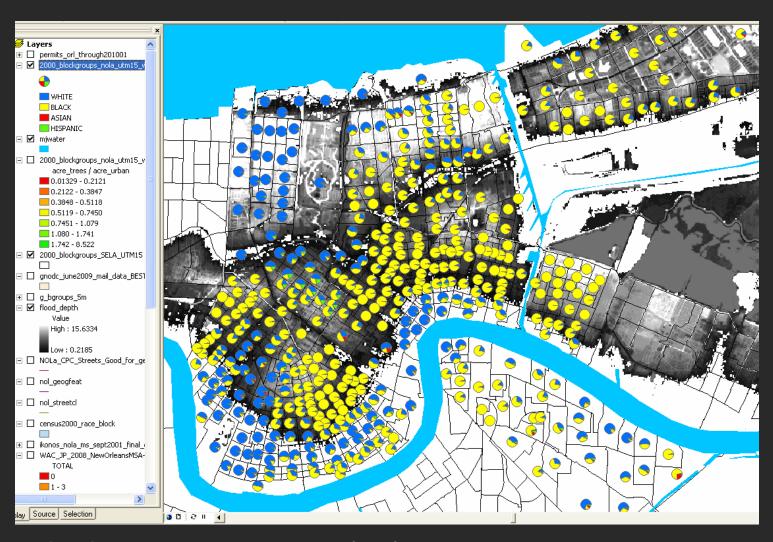


Classification of pre-trauma (2000) raw Ikonos satellite imagery (left) into land cover information (right)

## City-wide and neighborhood scale studies Compilation & collection of biodiversity data

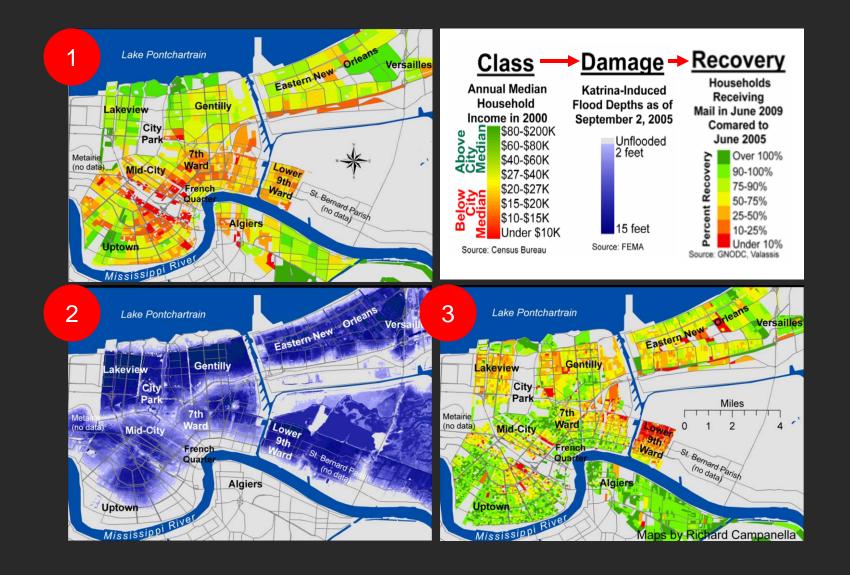


### City-wide and neighborhood scale studies Overlay diversity and flooding data

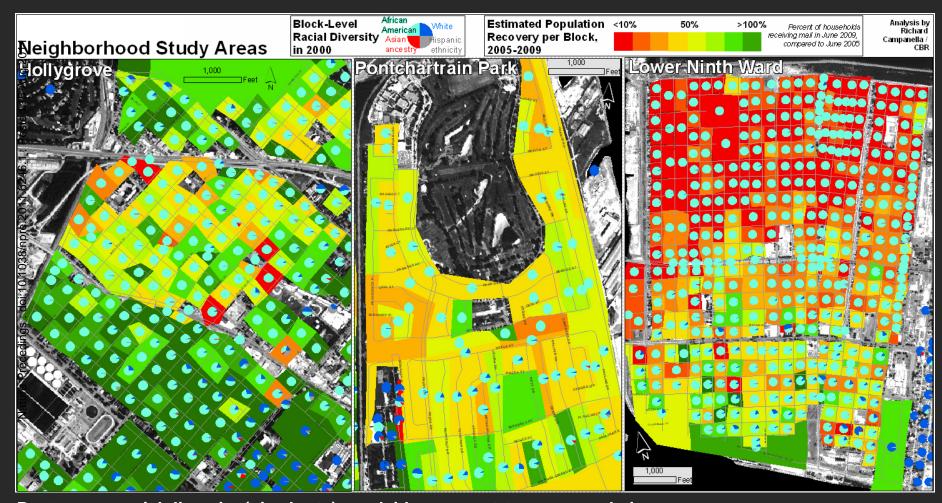


Residential occupancy patterns by race (2000) at the block group level overlaid on Katrina flood depth

#### City-wide and neighborhood scale studies Assess relationships with rates of recovery



### City-wide and neighborhood scale studies Assess relationships with rates of recovery



Pre-trauma social diversity (pie charts) overlaid upon post-trauma population recovery as measured by households receiving mail (2005-2009)

# Changes in urban communities, land use & biodiversity following traumatic events

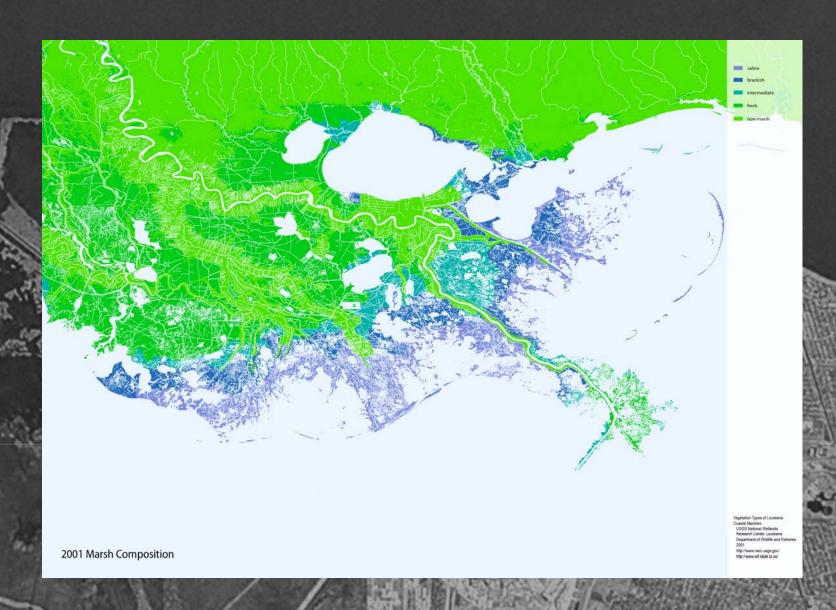
Pre-trauma socio-economic conditions vs. trauma intensity median household income vs. flood depth

- poorer deeply flooded areas have been slowest to recover
- wealthier deeply flooded areas and poorer less-flooded areas have the same recovery rates (60-70%)
- wealthiest unflooded areas have ~99-100% return

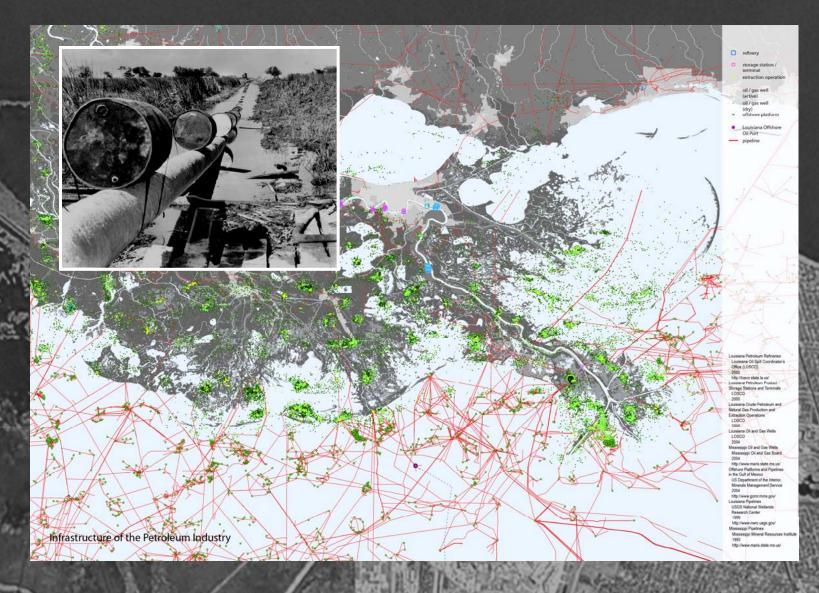
How do extreme events affect the allocation of natural, political, economic, & cultural resources?



#### Looking beyond boundaries...



#### Looking beyond boundaries...



#### Response, Risk and Resilience











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