**Bioevo seminars** 

#### The true story behind the annotation of a pathway

Giovanni Dall'Olio, IBE (UPF-CEXS)

#### Summary of the talk

#### • We have recently published two works:

- Dall'Olio GM, Jassal B, Montanucci L, Gagneux P, Bertranpetit J, Laayouni H. The annotation of the Asparagine N-linked Glycosylation pathway in the Reactome Database. Glycobiology. 2011 Jan 2. PubMed PMID: 21199820.
- Dall'Olio GM, Bertranpetit J, Laayouni H. The annotation and the usage of scientific databases could be improved with public issue tracker software. Database (Oxford). 2010 Dec 23;2010:baq035. Print 2010. PubMed PMID: 21186182; PubMed Central PMCID: PMC3011984.
- One is about the annotation of a pathway in a database, the other about reporting errors to databases

#### What can you learn from this talk

• The data annotated in scientific databases is not perfect, and can contain errors. Even when is correct, it can have multiple interpretations.

#### What can you learn from this talk

- The data annotated in scientific databases is not perfect, and can contain errors. Even when is correct, it can have multiple interpretations.
- Errors don't get fixed by themselves, and problems don't get solved alone. When you find something wrong, it is your duty to report it.

### What is N-Glycosylation?

- One of the most important forms of protein modification
- A complex sugar composed by 14 units is attached to a protein, and later modified.



### What is N-Glycosylation? (II)

- The surface of a cell is usually covered by Nglycosylated proteins
- It enhances solubility and is required for the proper folding.





#### N-Glycosylation – how does it works

 A common N-Glycan precursor is attached to a nascent protein, and then modified



#### **Advanced N-Glycosylation**

• The same protein can have different N-Glycosylation on different tissues and times



# N-Glycosylation is a text-book example

- The first part of this pathway was characterized in the 1980's by random mutagenesis in yeast (the ALG mutants)
- N-glycosylation is important to biotechnologists because of its implications for drugs biosynthesis



#### Annotating the pathway

 My PhD thesis is about selection within the genes of N-Glycosylation, so I had to study the biology behind it

#### Annotating the pathway

- My PhD thesis is about selection within the genes of N-Glycosylation, so I had to study the biology behind it
- I was not happy with the current annotation of the pathway in other databases, so I decided to make a new annotation by myself, and publish it on a public database

#### Reactome

- A database for biological relevant pathways
  - TCA cycle, apoptosis, telomerases, influenza...

REACTOWIE				1		
Home About	Content Documentation	Tools Downloa	d Contact Us	Outreach		
				Search for:	in Homo sapiens 🗾 Gol	
				Reactome - a curated knowled	lgebase of biological pathways	
			The	late displayed in for Home conjens		
			116.0			
			Reacti	on> Experimentally confirmed reaction> Manually inferred re-	action	8
	Apoptosis			Axon guidance	Biological oxidations	Botulinum neurotoxicity
	Cell junction organization			Cell Cycle Checkpoints	Cell Cycle, Mitotic	Chromosome Maintenance
	Circadian Clock			DNA Repair	DNA Replication	Diabetes pathways
Respiratory electr	on transport, ATP synthesis by ch heat production by uncoupling pr	nemiosmotic coupling, an roteins.	nd	Gene Expression	Hemostasis	HIV Infection
Interactions of	the immunoglobulin superfamily (I	IgSF) member proteins		Influenza Infection	Integration of energy metabolism	Integrin cell surface interactions
	Membrane Trafficking			Metabolism of amino acids and derivatives	Metabolism of carbohydrates	Metabolism of lipids and lipoproteins
	Metabolism of nitric oxide			Metabolism of nucleotides	Metabolism of porphyrins	Metabolism of proteins
	Metabolism of RNA			Metabolism of vitamins and cofactors	Muscle contraction	mRNA Processing
	Myogenesis			Pyruvate metabolism and Citric Acid (TCA) cycle	Regulation of beta-cell development	Regulatory RNA pathways
	Signaling by BMP			Signaling by EGFR	Signaling by FGFR	Signaling by GPCR
	Signaling by PDGF			Signaling in Immune system	Signaling by Insulin receptor	Signalling by NGF
	Signaling by Notch			Opioid Signalling	Signaling by Rho GTPases	Signaling by TGF beta
	Signaling by VEGF			Signaling by Wnt	Synaptic Transmission	Transcription
_						

#### About Reactome



- 2-

REACTOME is a free, online, open-source, curated pathway database encompassing many areas of human biology. Information is authored by expert biological researchers, maintained by the Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to a wide range of standard biological databases.

These include NCBI Entrez Gene, Ensembl and UniProt databases, the UCSC and HapMap Genome Browsers, the KEGG Compound and ChEBI small molecule databases, PubMed, and GO. The curated human data are used to infer orthologous events in 20 non-human species including the laboratory mouse and rat, the nematode C. elegans, budding and fission yeasts, two plants, and E.coli. Tools for pathway analysis include Skypainter and Biomart.

Pathway data can be exported in SBML and BioPAX formats.

A description of Reactome has been published in Genome Biology and Nucleic Acids Research.

#### October 4, 2010 Version 34 Released

Version 34 includes the new topic interactions of the immunoglobulin superfamily (g)SF) member proteins overing Nephrin and SIRP interactions. Topics in this release that contain new or reviewed and updated events include: Transmont of small molecules (Transport of signaling, Aquaporin-mediated transport, and Metal ion SLC transporters), Metabolism of proteins (N-g)ycan trimming in the ER and CalnexinCalreticulin cycle), Hemostasis (Platelet homeostasis, GPV signaling, and Thrombin signaling), Signaling in the immune system (Intertextin-3, 6 and GM-GF signaling and Intertextin-1 processing), Signaling by simulin receptor (Endosome acdification), Signaling by GPCR (Offactory signaling pathway), Integration of energy metabolism (incretin synthesis, secretion, and inactivation), and inactivations in this release. U Abtrecht, N Barday, E Berghan e our external authors in this release. U Abtrecht, N Barday, E Herster, S R Bioon, G Calamita, F Delaunay, P Gagneux, F Grahammer, L He, T Hercus, T Huber, S Kay, S Kunapuli, A Lopez, B Mactiver, J Mathai, E Pinteaux, S Restituito, H Tsuyoshi , L Vosshall, J Wilksz, and S Zac-Varghese are our external autheriwers.

#### Reactome - advantages

- Open-source approach. Anyone can contribute to a pathway, and all contributions are public and transparent
- Annotates a greater number of informations for each reaction
- Does not artificially distinguish between metabolic/interaction pathways (uses GO terms instead)

## The process of annotation in Reactome

- Annotating a pathway in Reactome means that for each reaction, you have to details like:
  - Description and name of the reaction
  - Genes involved
  - GO localization terms for input, outputs and enzymes
  - References to experimental evidences

### The process of annotation in Reactome



Our N-Glycosylation pathway

## The process of annotation in Reactome

- Annotating a pathway in Reactome means that for each reaction, you have to provide details like:
  - Description and name of the reaction
  - Genes involved
  - GO localization terms for input, outputs and enzymes
  - References to experimental evidences
- Each reaction must pass a peer-reviewed process before being included in Reactome

# N-Glycosylation on Reactome final result

- It tooks about 6 months of work to annotate the pathway
  - ~100 reactions
  - lot of literature read
  - problems with entries in other databases
  - technical implementation problems
  - problems, problems, problems, time wasted

# Is it worth to annotate a pathway manually as I did?

- If you are a PhD student: probably yes, and at the beginning
- Pros:
  - Helps you having good ideas
  - Recognize how much you can trust database annotations
  - Can be published
- Cons:
  - Takes time
  - Not feasible for larger scale studies

#### The Reactome pathway, complete



#### http://tinyurl.com/nglyco-reactome

#### N-Glycosylation in other databases

- Historically, this pathway is well characterized and is a textbook example of a metabolic pathway
- It is a good example to compare its annotations in different databases

#### N-Glycosylation in other databases

- Historically, this pathway is well characterized and is a textbook example of a metabolic pathway
- It is a good example to compare its annotations in different databases
- If you dedicate 6 months to read tons of literature about what you are studying, which kind of errors do you expect to find in databases?

### GeneOntology (GO)

- GO is an ontology of terms to describe the function, localization of a gene
  - A dictionary designed to reduce the problem of synonyms and unclear terminology

the Gene Ontology				Search
Downloads Tools	Documentation	Projects	About	Contact
Welcome to the	Gene Ontolo	ogy webs	ite!	
				Quick Links
ne Gene Ontology project is a major bioinfor	matics initiative with th	ne aim of standa	ardizing the	Tools
presentation of gene and gene product attri	ibutes across species ar	nd databases. Ti	ne project provi	des a AmiGO browser
ontrolled vocabulary of terms for describing	gene product characte	ristics and gene	product annota	OBO-Edit ontology e
ata from GO Consortium members, as well	as tools to access and	process this data	a. Read more a	Ontology downloads
e Gene Ontology				Annotation download
				Database downloads
earch the Gene Ontology Database				Documentation
earch the Gene Ontology Database				GO FAQ
				GO on SourceForge
Search for genes, pi	roteins or GO terms ι	ising AmiGO:		Contact GO
			GOU	
				News
ene or provide the second s	otein name 🛛 GO terr	n or ID		GO on Twitter
				Finding updates
				GO newsdesk
miGO is the official GO browser and search	engine. Browse the Ge	ene Ontology wi	th AmiGO .	GO news RSS feed
				GO on Facebook

#### What is a GO annotation?

- A GO annotation is the association between a GO term and a gene, protein or event
  - The gene ALG1 is Integral to the membrane (GO: 32130)
  - The protein XYZ has peroxidase activity (GO:03123)

#### GO annotations

- GO annotations are frequently used in the scientific literature
  - This set of genes is enriched of a specific GO term
  - We subdivided the pathway in GO modules and studied selection within them
- However, which are the procedures to associate a GO term with a gene?
- Which are the possible sources of error in a GO association?

#### The GO term assignment

 In order to assign a GO term to a protein in a species, there it must be an experimental evidence for the association in that species

#### The GO term assignment

 In order to assign a GO term to a protein in a species, there it must be an experimental evidence for the association in that species



#### Example of false negative in GO

- We proposed the association of DPAGT1 with the term 'Integral to the ER membrane' in human
  - All the literature assumes that this association exists
  - This association is annotated in Kegg for Yeast

#### Example of false positive in GO

- We proposed the association of DPAGT1 with the term 'Integral to the ER membrane' in human
  - All the literature assumes that this association exists
  - This association is annotated in Kegg for Yeast
- The proposal has been rejected because there it were no experimental evidence in human
  - Probably there it won't never be any

#### DPAGT1 on GO issue tracker

source	forge FIND	AND DEVELOP OPEN S	SOURCE SOFTWARE	=				Register Log
ind Software	Develop Create F	Project Blog	Site Support	About			Q enter keyword	Search
ourceForge.net > P	rojects > Gene Ontology	> Tracker > Annotati	on issues > View	1				
Gene Onto	logy							Share :
Summary Files	Support Develop	Hosted Apps	Tracker Mailin	g Lists   Code				
Add new Brow	ise .							
racker: Annotati	on issues							Monit
5 DPAGT1 is G	0:0031227 or GO:00057	789, not GO:001602 <sup>-</sup>	1 - ID: 2977124				Last U	pdate: Comment added ( huntley
Submitted	(http://www.uniprot.org/L However, at the moment	:DPAGT1 is annotate	as various helices ed as "integral to ti	spanning the me he membrane", w	hich makes if	t looks like it is	a surface protein while it is	not.
Priority:	5	- 2010-03-26 16.10.	30 010		Category:	None		
Status:	Open				Group:	None		
Resolution:	None				Visibility:	Public		
omments ( 9 )								*
Date: 2010-04-23 1	3:51:44 UTC	We don't usually	cite books since	these represent	an accumula	ation of		
Sender: huntley		knowledge from	many sources an	d it is usually qui	e difficult to	determine		

#### Ambigous interpretation of the term *N-Glycosylation* in GO

- We found a big mistake with the term 'N-Glycosylation'
- This was being associated to two classes of genes: those which are glycosylated, and those which participate to the process of glycosylation

#### Ambigous interpretation of the term *N-Glycosylation* in GO



#### Summary of GO annotations for Nglycosylation

- ~80 correct GO classification
- ~50 new gene-term association proposed
- 10 genes had a clearly wrong classification
- 2 new GO terms proposed:
  - Endoplasmic reticulum quality control compartment
  - Intrinsic to the lumenal side of the endoplasmic reticulum :-)

#### The GO issue tracker

- All the errors on GO elements are tracked on a publicly accessible online application, the *issue tracker*
- From there, you can report new errors, or check whether there are reported cases for the terms you are using

#### The GO tracker

🛟 Applications Places System 🤡 👰 🏧 🔄 🛛 📚 8 °C			<u> </u>			<u> </u>			🔹 🌍 🛊 🏥 🐼	🔀 Mon Jan 17,	10:00 😣 gia	oby එ
😸 🗐 💿 SourceForge.net: Gene Ontology: Annotation issues -	Minefield	(Build 20101202052009)										
Eile Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help												
SourceForge.net: Gene Ontolo												
🗙 > 🏠 🛃 http://sourceforge.net/tracker/?group_id=36855&a	atid=60589	0						\$ ▼	C Google	L'S	1	٩
00 27	sour	TEFORE FIND AND DEVELOP OPEN SOURCE SOFTWAR	RE				Regis	ter Log In				Ê
	Find Softw	vare Develop Create Project Blog Site Support	About		Q ente	r keyword		Search				
	SourceForge.	net > Projects > Gene Ontology > Tracker > Annotation issues > Browse Tr	acker Items									
<u>.</u>	Gene C	Dntology						Share >				
	Summary	Files Support Develop Hosted Apps Tracker Mailin	g Lists Co	ode								
	Add new	Browse										
	Tracker: /	Annotation issues										
0 0	Browse th	e annotation issues currently under consideration.										-
זקר												
2/20	Search:	Search Advanced					Op	tions RSS				
.103	Page: 1 2 3	35 Next $\rightarrow$				1 - 25 of 859	Results - Displa	y 25 🔻				
	ID	Summary	Status	Opened	Assignee	Submitter	Resolution	Priority	N			
၀၀ ၁. ဖ	Assignee: ( Artifact ID:	Any v Status: Any v Category: Any Filter Reset Permalink	▼ Group	e: Any	▼ Submitter:	Кеу	word:		2			
guit	3158371	InterPro:IPR011764 inc mapping to biotin binding	Open	2011-01-14	nobody	val_wood	None	5				
	3151846	Taxon rules:GO:0005578 proteinaceous extracellular matrix	Closed	2011-01-05	rfoulger 🔑	sarahburge	Accepted	5				
	3138109	InterPro:IPR013826	Open	2010-12-15	interhelp	val_wood	None	5				
	3134462	InterPro:IPR001737	Closed	2010-12-10	nobody	val_wood	None	5				
	3129878	taxon rules: male germ cell nucleus wrongly restricted	Closed	2010-12-06	rfoulger 🗡	edimmer	Fixed	5				
	3129541	taxon rules: ovulation cycle restriction to mammalia wrong	Closed	2010-12-06	rfoulger کم	edimmer	Fixed	5				
	3112563	SP_KW:KW-0410 inc mapping to iron transport	Open	2010-11-19	edimmer	val_wood	None	5				
	3109476	Interpro:IPR014727 inc mapping to unwinding	Open	2010-11-15	craig_mcanulla	val_wood	None	5				
	3100905	SP kW-0811 via matrix	Open	2010-11-01	huntley	val_wood	None	5				
	3100878	InterPro:IPR000212 (via Matrix work)	Open	2010-11-01	craig_mcanulla	val_wood	None	5				
	3100678	InterPro:IPR004794 Inc mappins (via Matrix)	Closed	2010-11-01	nobody	val_wood	Rejected	5				
🧊 📄 databases jan 2011 🛛 😵 Priority Inbox - dalloli 👼	3089784 database	Inc mapping Interpro:IPR000477 s nglyco.od 🔯 Liferea <u>Sour</u>	Open ceForge.n	2010-10-18 et: Gen	e kelly	val wood	None	5			• E F	

#### **KEGG**/Pathways

 A database of Pathways, curated by experts in the field and manually drawn

	PATHWAY	BRITE	MODULE	DISEASE	DRUG	GENES	GENOME	LIGAND	DBGET
Select	prefix	Ent	ter keywords						
map	Organi	sm						Go Help	
thway	y Maps								
KEGG F	PATHWAY is lates) represe	a collecti enting our	on of manua r knowledge	ally drawn pa on the mole	thway ma cular inter	ps (see ne action and	w maps, chi reaction ne	ange history tworks for:	and
0.	Global Map	, <sup>7</sup>	5						
1.	Metabolish	n Energ	v Lipid No	clootido Ar	nino acid	Othor am	ino acid. Ch	Can	
	Cofactor/vita	amin Te	rpenoid/PK	Other secon	dary meta	bolite Xe	nobiotics O	verview	
2.	Genetic In	formatio	n Processi	ng					
3.	. Environme . Cellular Pr	ocesses	ormation P	rocessing					
5.	Organisma	I System	ns						
6.	. Human Dis	seases			· .				
and also	on the stru	cture rela	tionships (Ki	EGG drug str	ucture ma	ips) in:			
	. Drug Deve	opment							
thway	y Mapping								
KEGG P	ATHWAY mai	opina is th	ne process to	map molecu	ular datase	ets. especi	ally large-sca	ale datasets i	n
genomi	cs, transcript	omics, pro	oteomics, an	d metabolon	nics, to the	e KEGG pa	thway maps	for biologica	1
nterpre	etaion of high	er-level s	ystemic fund	tions.					
• 5	Search object	s in KEGG	6 pathways						
• (	lolor objects	IN KEGG p	bathways						
Globa	al Map								
	olicm								
Motol	Jonsm	zoom out	t1			Launch	KEGG Atlas		
Metabol	ic nathways					L C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1120071000		
Metabol Metabol Biosynt	hesis of seco	ndary me	tabolites [zo	om out]		Launch	<b>KEGG</b> Atlas		

#### KEGG/Pathway

- KEGG/Pathways is the most renowned database for biological pathways
- Pros:
  - Lot of pathways annotated
- Cons:
  - Authors of the pathways are unknown, and no references are given for each reaction. Difficult to ask for clarification

#### N-Glycosylation on KEGG



#### **KEGG**/Pathways

- KEGG/pathways diagrams show a simplified version of the pathway
- These diagrams are not wrong, but they are there for visualization only.
- Easy to interpret them erroneously



### This is how the latter part of the pathway really looks like:



### Advanced N-Glycosylation in KEGG

Real represenation of advanced N-Glycosylation

## Why it is important to have references for reactions

 For our knowledge of the literature, there it should be a trifurcation at this point



## Why it is important to have references for reactions

- For our knowledge of the literature, there it should be a trifurcation at this point
- Instead, it is shown here:



## Why it is important to have references for reactions

- For our knowledge of the literature, there it should be a triple bifurcation at this point
- Instead, it is shown here:
- Without references, it is impossible to know why the annotator put the bifurcation there



#### String

- Database of interactions among proteins
- Collects informations from different resources and merge them together (example of metadatabase)

by name protein sequence names sequences	What It does
orotein/COG name: (examples: #1 #2 #3)	STRING is a database of known and predicted protein interactions. The interactions include direct (physical) and indirect (functional) associations; they are derived from four sources:
STRING understands a variety of protein names and accessions; you can also try a <u>random entry</u> )	Genomic High-throughput (Conserved) Previous Context Experiments Coexpression Knowledge
auto-detect  text text text text text text tex	STRING quantitatively integrates interaction data from these sources fo a large number of organisms, and transfers information between these organisms where applicable. The database currently covers 2,590,259 proteins from 630 organisms.
olease enter your protein of interest More Info Funding / Support Acknowledgemen	ts Use Scenarios

## False positives in interactions databases

- Interaction databases are usually full of false positives and negatives
  - Yeast-two hybrids and similar
  - Automatic processing of scientific papers

#### String – the pathway is not there

- Most of the interactions in N-Glycosylation were not found in String
  - Latest release has improved
- The same term *interaction* is ambiguous

#### String, the ALG2 case

- The biggest issue we found in String was due to two genes with similar names
- There are two genes with the symbol ALG2:
  - ALG2 (Asparagine Linked Glycosylation 2)
  - ALG-2 (Apoptosis Linked Gene – 2)
- In string, these two were confused



#### The ALG11 case

- Similar case for ALG11
- Was confused with ALG11, a Ribonucleosomal protein



### What's wrong with String

- The main problem with String is not that there are many false positives/negatives,
- rather, is that there is no way to annotate or report wrong interactions



### Uniprot

- Uniprot is a database for annotations of proteins
- The standard resource to use when looking for information on a protein

#### Annotations in Uniprot

- We have found very few errors in the annotations in Uniprot
- Mostly they were due to outdated names or minor imprecisions
- Every Uniprot entry has a 'Send me feedback' button

• Ignore the error

- Ignore the error
  - Wrong because the error remains there and can affect other people's work

- Ignore the error
  - Wrong because the error remains there and can affect other people's work
- Use a different database

- Ignore the error
  - Wrong because the error remains there and can affect other people's work
- Use a different database
  - Even worst than the previous: doesn't fix the error and waste times

- Ignore the error
  - Wrong because the error remains there and can affect other people's work
- Use a different database
  - Even worst than the previous: doesn't fix the error and waste times
- Report the error

- Ignore the error
  - Wrong because the error remains there and can affect other people's work
- Use a different database
  - Even worst than the previous: doesn't fix the error and waste times
- Report the error
  - This is the best approach, however not everybody knows how to do it, and it requires time

# Current state of reporting errors in the scientific community

- Unfortunately, reporting errors is not encouraged in the modern scientific literature
  - Time consuming, but not acknowledged
  - Few people know how to do it
  - Made difficult by lack of transparency

#### Issue trackers

- Usually the best way to report an error is by using an issue tracker software
- When you find an error in a database, always check whether there is a public issue tracker
- If not, things get more difficult

#### How to report an error in GO

- Check the instructions
- Verify the error has not been reported yet
- Go to the tracker Home page, and click on 'Report new issue'
- Describe the problem with a good title and references

Find Software Develop Create Project Blog Site Support About  enter keyword Search   SourceForge.net > Projects > Gene Ontology > Tracker > Annotation issues > Submit New Tracker Item  Gene Ontology Summary Files Support Develop Hosted Apps Tracker Mailing Lists Code Add new Browse Reporting Tracker: Annotation Issues Add Artifact Submit a new annotation Issue. Project: Gene Ontology Category: None Violation: Upload a file attachment File: Bescription: Image:	SOURCE FORCE FIND AND DEVELOP OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE	dalioliogm Account Log o
SourceForge.net > Projects > Gene Ontology > Tracker > Annotation issues > Submit New Tracker Item  Gene Ontology Summary Files Support Develop Hosted Apps Tracker Mailing Lists Code Add new Browse Reporting Tracker: Annotation Issues  Add Artifact  Submit a new annotation Issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Category: None  Description:  Description:  Description:  Browse  Description:  Description: Desc	Find Software Develop Create Project Blog Site Support About	enter keyword
Gene Ontology Stare Monitor Watch 1 Summary Files Support Develop Hosted Apps Tracker Mailing Lists Code Add new Browse Reporting Tracker: Annotation Issues Add Artifact Submit a new annotation issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Private:  Category: None   Group: None   Upload a file attachment  File:  Browse  Description:	SourceForge.net > Projects > Gene Ontology > Tracker > Annotation issues > Submit New Tracker Item	
Summary Files Support Develop Hosted Apps Tracker Mailing Lists Code Add new Browse Reporting Tracker: Annotation Issues Add Artifact Submit a new annotation Issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Private:  Category: None   Group: None   Upload a file attachment  File:  Browse  Description:	Gene Ontology	Share > Monitor > Watch
Add new Browse Reporting Tracker: Annotation issues Add Artifact Submit a new annotation issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Private:  Category: None  Category: None Category: None Category: None Category: Categ	Summary Files Support Develop Hosted Apps Tracker Mailing Lists Code	
Tracker: Annotation Issues  Add Artifact  Submit a new annotation Issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Category: None	Add new Browse Reporting	
Add Artifact  Submit a new annotation issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Category: None Category: Category: None Ca	Fracker: Annotation Issues	
Submit a new annotation issue.  Project: Gene Ontology Category: None  Group: None  Group: None  Upload a file attachment  File: Browse  Description:	Add Artifact	
Project: Gene Ontology   Category: None   None Group:   None None	Submit a new annotation issue.	
Category: None   Summary:   Description:	Project: Gene Ontology	Private:
Summary:   Description:     Upload a file attachment     File:   Browse	Category: None v	Group: None v
Description:	Summary:	
Upload a file attachment  File: Browse Description:	Description:	
Upload a file attachment  File: Browse Description:		
Upload a file attachment File: Browse Description:		
File:     Browse       Description:		
File: Browse Description:	Upload a file attachment	
Description:	File: Browse	
	Description:	
Add Artifact	Add Artifact	

#### Take-home messages

- Before using any data from a scientific database:
  - Check whether they have a public issue tracker and check whether there are errors reported about your data
  - Read the literature!

#### Agradecimientos (Thank you, grazie, moltes gracies)







Thanks also to:

- Martin Sikora
- Kevin Keys
- Anna Bauer-Mehren
   from IMIM
- Everybody in BioEvo!

http://www.ibe.upf-csic.es/ibe/research/research-groups/bertranpetit.html