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**Supplementary Information** accompanies the paper on [www.nature.com/nature](http://www.nature.com/nature).

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## corrigendum

# Invariant scaling relations across tree-dominated communities

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Equation (1) of this Article was incorrect as printed. The total biomass,  $M_{\text{Tot}}$ , per unit area is the summation, or integral, across the size distribution of the number of individuals per unit area, multiplied by their body mass. Thus  $M_{\text{Tot}} = \int_a^b MN(M)dM$ . Because the number of individuals in a given area is an allometric function of their size,  $M$ , we can substitute the observed relationship  $N = C_m M^{-3/4}$  to yield the community biomass equation:

$$M_{\text{Tot}} = \int_a^b C_m M^{1/4} = \frac{4}{5} C_m (M_a^{5/4} - M_b^{5/4}) \quad (1)$$

This change does not affect any of the reported conclusions or empirical patterns. □