A RESEARCH OF CONSANGUINITY IN JAPANESE YOUNG COUPLES

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In the past, the rate of consanguineous marriage in Japanese population was high (6% in Hiroshima and Nagasaki, and 4% in Tokyo) (Schull and Neel, 1965). However, it has decreased rapidly during the last two decades. The nationwide survey (Imaizumi *et al.*, 1975) showed that the mean rate of first cousin marriage was 0.86% among young couples who got married during June 2, 1967 to June 1, 1972.

In Kanto district, Furusho (1979) reported that the rate of first cousin marriage and inbreeding coefficient were 2.31% and 0.00211 in Tokyo, and 2.88% and 0.00263 in Yokohama, respectively. These data were collected from 6,866 school boys in Tokyo and Yokohama, who were born during the period of April 1949 through March 1950.

Imaizumi (1977) reported the mean inbreeding coefficient by Cohort in relation with the year of marriage in two cities. The mean inbreeding coefficients were 0.0062, 0.0023, and 0 in Gyoda city; and 0.0046, 0.0040, and 0.0010 in Hasuda city for the marriage year of ~ 1945 , 1946-1961, and $1962\sim$, respectively.

The present study is to investigate the rate of consanguineous marriage among young couples who got married during 1972–1981.

The data were collected by questionnaire to 833 persons who are working at pharmaceutical companies in Tokyo and Osaka area, and 150 patients of contact lens clinic at Juntendo University. All of them have married during 1972–1981.

Table 1 shows their residence and place of family register (honseki) and place of birth. The number of consanguineous marriage is shown in round bracket. Table 2 shows the frequency of consanguineous marriage summarized. The rate of first cousin marriage and mean inbreeding coefficient was 0.1% and 0.00013, respectively. These values are surprisingly small. It may be due to the fact that the data was collected in large cities.

Nationwide research is strongly needed.

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Table 1. Distribution of residence, places of register and places of birth.

		Residence	Place of register	Place of birth			Residence	Place of register	Place of birth
Kanto	Tokyo Kanagawa Chiba Ibaraki Tochigi	312 (4) 119 85 7 7 (1)	240 (2) 69 38 5 (2)	216 (1) 57 24 6 6 9 (1)	Shikoku Sum	Kagawa Tokushima Kochi Ehime		12 10 2 13 37	01 01 4 04 04
Sum	Sartama Gunma Yamanashi	96 2 — 627 (5)	48 9 7 421 (4)	30 14 9 365 (2)	Kyushu	Fukuoka Saga Nagasaki	- une		27 7 5
Shinetsu Sum	Nagano Niigata	0 0	13 13 26	5 20 25	2110	Kumamoto Ooita Miyazaki Kagoshima		16 (1) 8 (1) 5 5 5	10 10 12 72
Tokai	Shizuoka Aichi Gifu Mio	r-7:8	31 31 11	18 35 12	Okinawa Sum	Okinawa	-	36 (1)	1 1
Sum	ATIA	12	89	77	Hokuriku	Fukui Ishikawa	1 1	200	1 7
Kinki	Shiga Osaka Kyoto	96 (1) 80 24	52 (1) 55 77	41 (1) 67	Sum	Toyama	4	15	4 2
Sum	Nara Wakayama Hyogo	10 255 (1)	7 8 45 194 (1)	5 6 49 197 (1)	Tohoku	Fukushima Miyagi Yamagata Akita	22 1	8 2 8 7 8 9	51 (2) 10 (1) 7
Chugoku	Tottori Shimane Okayama	"	200	13	Sum	Iwate Aomori	53	4 8	8 1 86 (3)
	Hiroshima Yamaguchi		1 6 4 6	11.52	Hokkaido		S	16	20
Sum)	13	54	64	Foreign-born Unknown Total	a a	13 983	10 983	10 10 983

(): Number of consanguineous marriage.

Table 2. Frequency of consanguineous marriage in young couples (married year: 1972-1981).

Inbreeding coefficient ×128	16	8	4	2	>0	0	Total	1C (%)	Unknown
	_	1	1	2	2	976	982	0.10	1

IC, the first cousin marriage.

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