# natureoutlook

# RICE

30 October 2014 / Vol 514 / Issue No 7524



Cover art: Serge Bloch

#### **Editorial**

Herb Brody, Michelle Grayson, Chris Woolston, Kathryn Miller

#### Art & Design

Wesley Fernandes, Mohamed Ashour, Christian Tate, Andrea Duffy

#### Production

Karl Smart, Ian Pope, Robert Sullivan

# Sponsorship

Stella Yan, Yvette Smith

# Marketing

Hannah Phipps

#### **Project Manager** Anastasia Panoutsou

**Art Director** Kelly Buckheit Krause

#### **Publisher** Richard Hughes

Chief Magazine Editor

# Rosie Mestel Editor-in-Chief

Philip Campbell

Rice is not just another grain. For three billion people, it is a daily necessity (page \$50). Since its domestication some 8,000 years ago (\$58), rice has played a part in building civilizations, shaping societies and, most of all, feeding a growing world.

But the climate is changing, and much of the land that once went to paddies is being consumed by expanding cities. There is a realization that farmers cannot keep applying fertilizers and pesticides to their crops without environmental consequences. If rice is going to feed future populations — in Asia, Africa (S64) and beyond — scientists will have to help to improve yields.

Rice research involves scientists around the world. This year marked a milestone achievement: the publication of the genomes of 3,000 strains of rice will help to guide the creation of hardier, more productive crops (S60). Researchers are addressing a massive nutritional crisis by converting rice into a vehicle for vitamin A, but a combination of technical challenges and public opposition threatens the development of this 'golden' rice (S55). Scientists plan to retool the way in which rice harvests energy from the Sun (S52) and are tackling problems such as arsenic contamination (S62).

Many questions remain, but the biggest — will there be enough rice? — will take decades to decide. Governments and scientists can use that time to work together on the answer (S66).

We are pleased to acknowledge the financial support of the Institute of Genetics and Developmental Biology, Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS); the Institute of Plant Physiology & Ecology, Shanghai Institutes for Biological Sciences, CAS; the Institute of Botany, CAS; the Institute of Crop Science, Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences (CAAS); and the China National Rice Research Institute, CAAS, in producing this Outlook. As always, *Nature* has sole responsibility for all editorial content.

# **Chris Woolston**

Contributing Editor

Nature Outlooks are sponsored supplements that aim to stimulate interest and debate around a subject of interest to the sponsor, while satisfying the editorial values of Nature and our readers' expectations. The boundaries of sponsor involvement are clearly delineated in the Nature Outlook Editorial guidelines available at go.nature.com/e4dwzw

#### CITING THE OUTLOOK

Cite as a supplement to *Nature*, for example, Nature **Vol. XXX**, No. XXXX Suppl., Sxx–Sxx (2014).

#### VISIT THE OUTLOOK ONLINE

The Nature Outlook Rice supplement can be found at http://www.nature.com/nature/outlook/rice the features all newly commissioned content as well as a selection of relevant previously published material.

All featured articles will be freely available for 6 months.

#### SUBSCRIPTIONS AND CUSTOMER SERVICES

For UK/Europe (excluding Japan): Nature Publishing Group, Subscriptions, Brunel Road, Basingstoke, Hants, RG21 6XS, UK. Tel: +44 (0) 1256 329242. Subscriptions and customer services for Americas – including Canada, Latin America and the Caribbean: Nature Publishing Group, 75 Varick St, 9th floor, New York, NY 10013-1917, USA. Tel: +1866 363 7860 (US/Canada) or +1 212 726 9223 (outside US/Canada). Japan/China/Korea: Nature Publishing Group — Asia-Pacific, Chiyoda Building 5-6th Floor, 2-37 Ichigaya Tamachi, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, 162-0843, Japan. Tel: +81 3 3267 8751.

#### CUSTOMER SERVICES

Feedback@nature.com Copyright © 2014 Nature Publishing Group

# CONTENTS

#### **\$50 RICE BY THE NUMBERS**

#### A good grain

A snapshot of global production, consumption and trade

#### S52 AGRIBIOTECHNOLOGY

#### Blue-sky rice

Researchers are working to increase rice yields to feed a growing population

#### S55 BIOTECHNOLOGY

## Against the grain

Golden rice, which is being developed to help prevent vitamin A deficiency, has political and technical problems

### **S58 DOMESTICATION**

#### The birth of rice

The competing claims of countries claiming to be the crop's origin

#### S60 YIELD

The search for the rice of the future Researchers are working on small changes to make big improvements

#### **S62 CONTAMINATION**

#### The toxic side of rice

Investigations to prevent arsenic from contaminating this vital crop

#### **S64 AGRICULTURE**

#### The next frontier

Africa relies on rice imports but there is a move to self-sufficiency

#### **S66 PERSPECTIVE**

#### Time to unleash rice

Governments' interventions are not helping farmers, says Robert Zeigler

#### COLLECTION

- S67 Genetic diversity and classification of *Oryza sativa* with emphasis on Chinese rice germplasm Wang, C. H. et al.
- \$75 Africa and Asia need a rational debate on GM crops Whitty, C. J. M.
- \$78 Genome-wide association analyses provide genetic and biochemical insights into natural variation in rice metabolism Chen, W. et al.
- S86 The genome sequence of African rice (Oryza glaberrima) and evidence for independent domestication Wang, M. et al.