and the annual report of the Society's scientific officers and of its research committee. Each part will include a summary of the proceedings of the Council at its meetings in the previous two or three months and will be separately indexed. The June issue for 1939 (100, Part 1) is now available and can be obtained from the Society, 16 Bedford Square, W.C.1, price 5s.

The Grid System

THE Association of Engineering and Shipbuilding Draughtsmen publishes (Draughtsman Publishing Co., Ltd., 96 St. George's Square, London, S.W.1) a series of pamphlets containing much useful information. A recent issue, entitled "The Grid System", contains a historical survey of electricity supply in Great Britain from the formation of the Edison Light Co. in London in 1881, through the troublous years when various Acts of Parliament were passed which in some cases hampered the industry; the first contracts for the 'grid-iron' or grid system were placed in the year 1928, and this was followed by the growth in the space of six years of 4,000 miles of transmission lines and the placing of 26,000 steel pylons. The advantages of standardizing frequency are discussed and the systems adopted for grid tariffs and trading. Much of the information is not readily obtainable elsewhere. A list is included of A.E.S.D. printed pamphlets and other publications written specially for engineering and shipbuilding draughtsmen.

Dutch Colonial Institute

THE "Acht en Twintigste Jaarverslag van het Koloniaal Instituut" gives a brief account of the work of the Dutch Colonial Institute at Amsterdam during the year 1938. Its activities have included public lectures, courses of instruction in tropical hygiene, researches on tropical diseases such as yellow fever and psittacosis, studies in mosquito control and the chemical examination of more than four thousand samples. The valuable work recorded in this year-book gives ample evidence that the Dutch Colonial Institute continues actively to serve the interests of Holland and its oversea possessions.

The Scientific Films Committee

ABOUT two years ago the Association of Scientific Workers set up a Scientific Films Committee, to act as a clearing-house of information on scientific films. During this time it has seen and appraised some 150 films, and has produced a graded list of these films with particulars of length, availability, subject-matter, distributor, etc. This list is available to anyone interested at a cost of 1s. If desired, the Committee will undertake, for a small charge, to choose a programme to suit any particular requirements. In addition, the Committee has compiled an index of scientific and film experts willing to be put in touch with people requiring advice on the making of films. Full particulars of the services offered can be obtained from the Secretary, Scientific Films Committee, 30 Bedford Row, London, W.C.1.

Apparatus for the Physical Laboratory

THE twenty-fifth edition of the catalogue of physical laboratory apparatus and equipment recently issued by Messrs. W. and J. George, Ltd., proprietors of F. E. Becker and Co., London and Birmingham, is an impressive volume of 824 pages. The contents cover the whole of the equipment needed for the teaching of physics in all types of educational institution from elementary school to university. For convenience of reference, the catalogue is classified into thirteen sections within which the items are arranged in the usual text-book order of treatment of the subject. Physics is divided into ten sections. The remaining three deal with laboratory fittings. equipment and materials, with lantern slides, ciné films and with text-books. Out-of-date items have been entirely replaced by new apparatus, and the designs of many standard instruments have been improved. In addition to the well-known series of Nivoc products made by Messrs. George, other British and foreign items are included so that every normal requirement in physics teaching is to be found within the covers. But it is more than a mere catalogue. Each item dealing with less well-known apparatus has a brief description of the method of use, together with the necessary theory, supplemented in some of the entries by typical numerical results obtained with the apparatus in the laboratory. Some of these descriptions cover a page or two. The specially drawn illustrations are very clear and project well in the epidiascope. Altogether the catalogue, with its detailed index, corner page headings and numerous cross-references, makes a noteworthy addition to the library of any educational or industrial physics laboratory.

Book Reviews

SIDE by side with the increase in numbers of scientific papers which has been referred to repeatedly in this journal in recent years, there has been a steady if smaller growth of scientific and technical text-books, monographs and other books of interest to readers of NATURE, and the task of presenting to the scientific reader a reasoned survey of such literature has become increasingly difficult in the limited space available. Following the customary practice, longer notices of books have been printed under appropriate titles, while shorter notices have been brought together without a special heading; in addition, a classified list of recent scientific and technical books, whether received for notice in NATURE or not, is printed every month as a supplement to the journal. In the present issue, the shorter notices, which used to appear in the body of the journal immediately after the longer reviews, have been placed in the supplement with the books list. By publishing these shorter notices once a month in this way, it is possible to arrange them according to subject and it is also hoped to increase the total amount of space given to such notices. For the convenience of those who wish to bring the books lists together when binding up a volume, the list

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