Accelerating searches of research grants and scientific literature with novo|seek℠

Bioalma’s novo|seek is a powerful alternative to traditional literature searching on the web. Designed to help scientists with their research projects and proposals within the life science community, novo|seek is a dynamic information extraction system for quickly identifying key concepts found in published papers. Here we demonstrate how a single concept can initiate complete exploration of scientific literature, current research grants and external web-based resources.

With thousands of scientific journals, thousands of current research grants and millions of abstracts in Medline, it is difficult for any grant-writing scientist to data-mine all of the resources that will provide support for his research projects. There is clearly a need for an improved alternative to performing time-consuming literature mining and visiting multiple, unrelated websites. We developed novo|seek specifically to address these bottlenecks and help scientists derive important concepts from all of the available abstracts while making the results easy to explore.

The novo|seek search box interface allows the user to enter a term (or a collection of terms), which the system automatically recognizes as a disease, gene, chemical substance, tissue type, scientific technique and others. The system returns an interactive web page that enables the user to navigate through the many related abstracts (Fig. 1).

Scientific abstract searching

Using novo|seek, we explored the previous scientific literature and current research grants for the arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase-activating protein (ALOX5AP or FLAP). The ALOX5AP gene product has been associated with regulating the production of substances that cause inflammation, such as leukotrienes.

When we entered ALOX5AP as a search term, novo|seek returned a results page with a list of nearly 300 abstract titles, the oldest from 1982. Additionally, novo|seek provided interactive tabs, links, menus and columns to explore (Fig. 2).

Four small icons enabled us to choose how we preferred to view the list of abstract titles. The choices included a simple view (title, journal and author), a snippet view (a simple view and the search term with flanking words), a sentence view (a simple view and the search term relative to a sentence) and a traditional abstract view.

In all cases, ALOX5AP and its synonyms were highlighted automatically in each view. To highlight disease terms in these views, we expanded the highlight panel and selected Diseases and Syndromes. The highlighting options enabled us to quickly identify the disease terms in the published abstracts.

The highlighted terms in novo|seek abstracts not only are designated with different colors but are also interactive. When selecting the highlighted ALOX5AP term, a new web page appeared that permitted us to explore more about the gene. There were useful external web links to genomic data, sequences, pathways, microarray identifiers, structural domains and ontologies, all on a single page.

The main result page had a side column of related concepts that enabled us to visualize which terms frequently appear in conjunction with ALOX5AP. The concepts are grouped as follows: diseases or
was presented. The identified abstract reports how ALOX5AP gene polymorphisms may be associated with Alzheimer’s disease.

Grant abstract searching

After exploring the numerous published abstracts related to ALOX5AP, we continued our search for additional information by selecting the GRANTS link in the results page. Similar to the Medline results, the GRANTS web page included highlighted terms and additional interactive views, menus and links to other related grants. Specifically, the grants focused on studying how FLAP is related to lung inflammation and pulmonary fibrosis. When we selected the Diseases and Syndromes bioentity, the phrase “idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF)” was highlighted, and a new search revealed over 300 grants that mention this disease. When we selected a grant title, a new web page revealed more details about the grant. Moreover, the web page had a link to SciSight.

Summary

novo|seek is a powerful tool that researchers studying specific diseases can use to expedite the search for related drugs and genes in published abstracts. It can help scientists discover and explore previously unrecognized relationships in scientific literature that are not easily revealed with typical information retrieval approaches.


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