

Cover illustrations courtesy of Conservation International

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URE VOL 405 11 MAY 2000

nature insigh

Reprinted from Vol. 405, no. 6783, 11 May 2000

overview:

D. Tilman

review articles:

biodiversitv

Causes, consequences

Getting the measure of

A. Purvis & A. Hector

and ethics of biodiversity

Biodiversit

208

212

iodiversity may be a buzzword, but as a concept it sits at the heart of ecological research. Some ecological communities, such as pristine coral reef systems, are astonishingly rich in the number and types of species that they support, whereas others are relatively species poor. Natural communities also differ greatly in the proportion of species performing different ecological functions. What determines such differences and how these differences are related to ecosystem functioning are questions that have occupied the minds of ecologists for decades.

But these questions are so much more pressing now. We live at a time of rapid environmental change, resulting largely from our own activities, and a concomitant, accelerating rate of habitat loss and species extinctions. Like children playing with fire, we do not fully understand, and therefore cannot predict, the ultimate consequences of tampering with global biodiversity. This collection of reviews - the second in our new section called 'Nature Insight' - focuses on the science of biodiversity.

We are pleased to acknowledge the financial support of the Center for Applied Biodiversity Science (CABS), a division of Conservation International, in producing this Insight. The content is in accord with the philosophy that biodiversity conservation is a human-centred pursuit that must be underpinned by solid science. Of course, Nature carries sole responsibility for all editorial content and rigorous peer-review.

This Insight is deliberately broad in scope, covering underlying concepts, pure and applied research, and biodiversity loss from the human perspective. We hope that scientists, policy-makers and general readers alike will find the reviews both informative and thought provoking. Given that environmental change and biodiversity loss is a global concern, and understanding that not everyone will have easy access to the print version, this Insight is freely available to all readers, regardless of subscriber status, on our website at www.nature.com.

ditor, <i>Nature</i> :	Philip Campl
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Nature[®] (ISSN 0028-0836) is published weekly on Thursday, except the last week in December, by Nature Publishing Group (Porters South, 4 Crinan Street, London N1 9XW), Registered as a newspa-per at the British Post Office. Annual subscription for the Americas US\$595 (institutional/corporate), US\$159 (individual making personal payment). Canada residents please add 7% GST (No. 140911595), North and South American orders tic: Adarue, Subscription Dept, P. 0. Box 5055, Brentwood, TN 37024-5055, LOBA Other orders to Nature, Brune Hoad, Basingstoke, Hants RG21 2XS, UK. Periodicals postage paid at New York, NY 10010-1707, and additional mailing offices. Authorization to photocopy material for internal or personal use or spreaval use, or specific clients, is granted by Nature to libraries and others registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) Transactional Reporting Service, provided the base fee of \$12.00 an article (or \$2.00 a page) is paid direct to CCC, 22R Reservod Drive, Danvers, MO 1923. USA Identification code for Kature. 02B Reservod Drive, send address changes to: Nature, PD Box 5055, Brentwood, TN 37024-5055. Published in Japan by Nature Japan K.K., Shin-Mitsuke Bldg. 36 Ichigaya Tamachi, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 162, Japan. © 2000 Nature Publishing Group.



Global patterns in 220 biodiversity K. J. Gaston

The diversity-stability 228 debate K. S. McCann

234 **Consequences of** changing biodiversity F. S. Chapin III, E. S. Zavaleta, V. T. Eviner, R. L. Naylor, P. M. Vitousek, H. L. Reynolds, D. U. Hooper, S. Lavorel,

O. E. Sala, S. E. Hobbie, M. C. Mack & S. Díaz

243 Systematic conservation planning C. R. Margules

& R. L. Pressey