

OPEN Corrigendum: Follower ants in a tandem pair are not always naïve

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The authors neglected to cite a published thesis that investigated a related aspect of tandem running in the same study species. This additional reference is listed below as reference 1, and should appear in the text as below.

In the Introduction section,

"Tandem running is a recruitment strategy that ants use to guide nestmates to new nest locations and to new food sources^{6,7} and is prevalent across the ant phylogeny (Camponotus spp.^{8,9}, Cardiocondyla spp.⁷, Temnothorax spp.¹⁰⁻¹², Diacamma rugosum^{13,14}, Harpagoxenus sublaevis⁶, Pachycondyla obscuricornis¹⁵, Pachycondyla tesserinoda¹⁶ and Polyrhachis proxima¹⁷)."

should read:

"Tandem running is a recruitment strategy that ants use to guide nestmates to new nest locations and to new food sources^{6,7} and is prevalent across the ant phylogeny (Camponotus spp. 1,8,9 Cardiocondyla spp. 7, Temnothorax spp. ^{10–12}, Diacamma rugosum^{13,14}, Harpagoxenus sublaevis⁶, Pachycondyla obscuricornis¹⁵, Pachycondyla tesserinoda¹⁶ and Polyrhachis proxima¹⁷)."

In the same section,

"Since only one nestmate is recruited at a time, tandem running has been considered to be a primitive form of recruitment^{7,8}".

should read:

"Since only one nestmate is recruited at a time, tandem running has been considered to be a primitive form of recruitment^{1,7,8}".

References

1. Middleton, E. J. T. Navigation, recruitment, foraging ecology and visual systems of the Banded Sugar ant, Camponotus consobrinus. PhD thesis, The Australian National University (2014).

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