

Author Correction: Using BCG vaccination to protect against COVID-19: when reality fails to meet expectation

Correction to: *Nature Reviews Immunology*
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41577-024-00992-z>,
published online 18 January 2024.

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41577-024-01023-7>

Published online: 13 March 2024

 Check for updates

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The originally published article contained several errors that have now been corrected. One trial of BCG vaccination reported a large beneficial effect, and a sentence describing the trials has been changed to reflect this; “small” has been removed from the sentence “three reported a beneficial effect on BCG vaccination.” A description of one trial had not included the number of case participants and this has been amended to now read “with COVID-19 occurring in 1 of the 96 participants in the BCG group compared with 6 of the 48 in the control group.” In the “What have we learnt?” section, two of the original references were mixed up and have now been corrected: “...the definition of the primary outcome in only one of these” now cites reference 12, and “In the other two trials...” now cites references 10 and 13. The authors apologise for these errors, which have now been corrected in the HTML and PDF versions of the article.

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Author Correction: Clonal haematopoiesis-associated, age-related motor deficits caused by monocyte-derived microglia

Correction to: *Nature Reviews Immunology*
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41577-024-00997-8>,
published online 30 January 2024.

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41577-024-01017-5>

Published online: 6 March 2024

 Check for updates

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The originally published article contained wording and/or phrasing that could potentially be misleading or unclear. As a result, the following corrections have been made.

1. The title has been changed from “Age-related motor deficits caused by clonal haematopoiesis-driven, monocyte-derived microglia” to “Clonal haematopoiesis-associated, age-related motor deficits caused by monocyte-derived microglia”.
2. The sentence “To investigate the consequences of CH on monocyte seeding of the ageing brain, the authors performed chimeric bone marrow transplants from mice containing the R822H variant of DNMT3A” has been changed to “To investigate monocyte-mediated CH consequences on the ageing brain, the authors performed chimeric bone marrow transplants from mice expressing the R822H variant of DNMT3A.”
3. The sentence “This mutation led to seeding of regions of the ageing brain, including the substantia nigra, with pathogenic monocytes that promoted motor deficits resembling atypical Parkinsonian disorders” has been changed to “Regions of the ageing brain, including the substantia nigra, were seeded with mutant monocyte-derived microglia that promoted motor deficits resembling atypical Parkinsonian disorders.”
4. The sentence “This study provides an interesting mechanism by which age-accumulating peripheral monocytes with the DNMT3A R822H mutation seem to drive neuropathology” has been changed to “This study provides an interesting mechanism by which age-accumulating peripheral monocytes with the DNMT3A R822H mutation might drive neuropathology.”

These corrections have been made to the HTML and PDF versions of the article.

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