

## Author Correction: Dopant-induced electron localization drives $CO_2$ reduction to $C_2$ hydrocarbons

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Correction to: Nature Chemistry https://doi.org/10.1038/s41557-018-0092-x, published online 16 July 2018.

In the version of this Article originally published, in Table 1, the  $H_2$  Faradaic efficiency for Cu(C) incorrectly read 66.4%; it should have been  $36 \pm 2\%$ . This has now been corrected.

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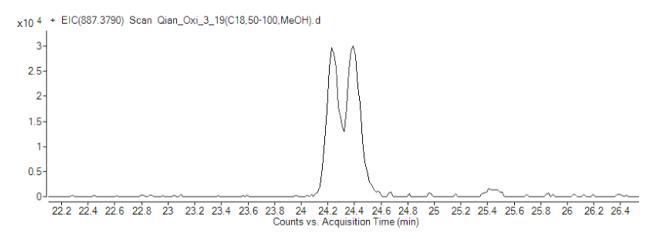
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## Addendum: Synthesis and reactivity of precolibactin 886

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Addendum to: Nature Chemistry https://doi.org/10.1038/s41557-019-0338-2, published online 23 September 2019.

On reinspection of the analytical data published in their manuscript, the authors have determined that synthetic precolibactin 886 is produced as a 1:1 mixture of diastereomers (shown in Supplementary Figure 9, which has been added to the Supplementary Information file). The original 1:1.9 ratio of diastereomers reported in the manuscript reflects inadvertent enrichment of the sample following semi-preparative HPLC purification. The authors also found that natural precolibactin 886 is formed as a 1:1 mixture of diastereomers. See Supplementary Figure 5a in Li, Z.-R. et al. Macrocyclic colibactin induces DNA double-strand breaks via copper-mediated oxidative cleavage. *Nat. Chem.* 11, 880–889 (2019).



Supplementary Fig. 9 | Analytical mass-selected LC/HRMS chromatogram of synthetic precolibactin 886 (1) prior to purification.

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