## $(\mathbf{i})$

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

© The Author(s) 2019

<sup>1</sup>Winton Centre for Risk and Evidence Communication, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, UK: <sup>2</sup>Institute of Continuing Education, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, UK: <sup>3</sup>East of England NHS Genomic Medicine Centre, London, UK; <sup>4</sup>Department of Medical Genetics, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, UK; <sup>5</sup>NIHR Bioresource-Rare Disease, London, UK. Correspondence: Gabriel Recchia (glr29@cam.ac.uk)

Published online: 24 September 2019

## Open

Correction: Regional models of genetic services in the United States

Celia Kaye<sup>1</sup>, Joann Bodurtha<sup>2</sup>, Mathew Edick<sup>3</sup>, Susanna Ginsburg<sup>1</sup>, Alisha Keehn<sup>1</sup>, Michele Lloyd-Puryear<sup>1</sup>, Debra Lochner Doyle<sup>4</sup>, Megan Lyon<sup>1</sup>, Robert Ostrander<sup>5</sup> and

Matthew Taylor<sup>6</sup> the National Coordinating Center for the Regional Genetic Service Collaboratives Regional Support Service Model Workgroup and Advisory Committee

Genetics in Medicine (2020) 22:241; https://doi.org/10.1038/s41436-019-0662-3

Correction to: Genetics in Medicine 2019; https://doi.org/10.1038/s41436-019-0648-1, published online 06 September 2019

This Article was originally published under Nature Research's License to Publish, but has now been made available under a [CC BY-NC-SA 4.0] license. The PDF and HTML versions of the Article have been modified accordingly.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License, which permits any non-commercial use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. If you remix, transform, or build upon this article or a part thereof, you must distribute your contributions under the same license as the original. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/.

© The Author(s) 2019

<sup>1</sup>American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics, Bethesda, MD, USA; <sup>2</sup>Johns Hopkins School of Medicine, McKusick-Nathans Institute of Genetic Medicine, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD, USA; <sup>3</sup>Michigan Public Health Institute, Okemos, MI, USA; <sup>4</sup>Washington State Department of Health, Kent, WA, USA; <sup>5</sup>Valley View Family Practice, Rushville, NY, USA; <sup>6</sup>University of Colorado School of Medicine, Aurora, CO, USA. Correspondence: Alisha Keehn (akeehn@acmg.net)

Published online: 25 September 2019