all circumstances, that fissure sealants are reviewed regularly and repaired if they are not covering the entire pit and fissure system.

A key determinant of sealant effectiveness is retention rates. In this study 70% were retained intact at 24 months. It is not clear if the sealants were 'topped-up' or repaired during the study but a retention rate of this magnitude can be considered good, and possibly reflects the high standards of moisture control employed during placement, namely the use of rubber dam.

In summary, this study provides further evidence of the caries protective effect of fissure sealants, but despite the prominence given to sealants with and without fluoride in the title of the paper, the work was unable to determine whether fluoride containing resin-based sealants provide any positive effect above a standard resin-based sealants other than the potential marketing effect.

Address for correspondence
[1]*Cardiff University School of Dentistry, Cardiff, Wales*

Evidence-Based Dentistry (2019) **20**, 12-13. doi:10.1038/s41432-019-0019-4

Correction

Summary article *Evid Based Dent* 2018; **19:** 100–101.

Early childhood caries and candida albicans

When this article was initially published the author's name was incorrectly listed as Duangthip D. The author's name should have been listed as Duangporn Duangthip.

We apologise for any confusion caused by this error.