CORRIGENDUM

Prenatal (non)treatment decisions in extreme prematurity: evaluation of decisional conflict and regret among parents

R Geurtzen, J Draaisma, R Hermens, H Scheepers, M Woiski, A van Heijst and M Hogeveen

Journal of Perinatology (2017) 37, 1249; doi:10.1038/jp.2017.151

Correction to: *Journal of Perinatology* advance online publication, 15 June 2017; doi:10.1038/jp.2017.90

In the 'Decision-making information' section of Table 1, the n values for 'Joint decision parent(s) and doctor, parental opinion decisive' should be 12/54, not 13/54, and the percentage is therefore 22 instead of 23. The n values for 'Joint decision parent (s) and doctor, both equally decisive' should be 16/54, not 17/54. These changes also affect the last sentence of the first paragraph in the Results section ('According to the parents, most decisions were made together by the doctor and parents (62%)'); the percentage should be 61%. The corrections to the percentages are slight and do not affect the conclusions of the paper. A corrected version of Table 1 is shown below. The authors regret the errors.

Table 1. Background of the participants

	n	%
Demographics of the parents		
Survey filled in by		
Both parents	39/61	64
Mother only	16/61	26
Father only	5/61	8
Unknown	1/61	2
Highest degree of education		
Low (maximal secondary education)	0/61	0
Medium (post secondary non academic)	18/61	30
High (academic/college or university)	35/61	57
Unknown	8/61	13
Median age of the mother (at delivery)	31.5	(IQR 27-
	years	36 years)
Perinatal data		
Any prior pregnancies	21/54	39
Prior miscarriage	5/54	9
Prior extreme premature birth (GA 24– 26 weeks)	1/54	2
Prior premature birth (GA 27-37 weeks)	2/54	4
Prior stillborn child	3/54	6
Timing of the counseling conversation		
At day of birth	13/48	27
1 day before birth	2/48	4
2–3 days before birth	13/48	27
>3 days before birth	16/48	33
Do not remember	4/48	8

Table 1. (Continued)

	n	%
Decision-making characteristics		
Decision made on initiating care		
Active treatment	46/55	84
Comfort care	5/55	9
Other (for example, wait and see)	4/55	7
Outcome (in case of active treatment)		
Survivor	24/50	48
Death	22/50	44
Both (twin pregnancy with one survivor and one deceased)	4/50	8
Self-reported child morbidity (in case of survi	ival)	
Any physical disabilities (minor-major-	6-0-	23-0-0
severe)	0/26	
Any intellectual disabilities (minor-major-	2-0-	7-0-4
severe)	1/27	
Decision-making information		
Persons deciding whether or not to initiate a	ctive care	•
Parent(s)	6/54	11
Joint decision parent(s) and doctor, parental opinion decisive	12/54	22
Joint decision parent(s) and doctor, both equally decisive	16/54	30
Joint decision parent(s) and doctor, doctors' opinion decisive	5/54	9
Doctor	10/54	18
Do not remember	3/54	6
Other (for example, 'obvious' or 'unclassifiable')	2/54	4
Parents who felt like they had a choice on whether or not to initiate active treatment for their baby (% yes)	43/54	80

Abbreviations: GA, gestational age; IQR, interquartile range.