

**RFLP Report**

IDENTIFICATION OF A SINGLE BASE  
POLYMORPHISM IN INTRON 2 OF THE *c-fos* GENE  
AND ITS DETECTION BY MISMATCHED  
PCR-RFLP

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A T→C transition in intron 2 of the *c-fos* gene was identified by sequencing analysis (Fig. 1). A simple method to detect this polymorphism was developed by mismatched PCR-RFLP. Allele frequency of this polymorphism was determined in the Japanese and in the Caucasian, separately.

**Key Words** Alzheimer's disease, *c-fos*, polymorphism, mismatched PCR-RFLP

*Primer sequences for mismatched PCR.*

FOS3-5: 5'-CAGACACTTTTACTGAATGTCG-3'

FOS3-3K: 5'-TCTTCTTCTGGAGATACCTAG-3'

This primer has a single base mismatch (underlined) which creates a detectable *StyI* site for allele b (CCTAGG), but not for allele a (TCTAGG) (Straaten *et al.*, 1983). PCR amplification followed by digestion with *StyI* shows 62 bp for allele a, two bands of 41 bp and 21 bp for allele b (Fig. 2). These products can be analyzed by 20% polyacrylamide gel (29:1).

*Allele frequency.* Determined by analysis of 51 CEPH parents: a:0.94; b:0.06. Observed heterozygosity was 0.08. Allele frequency was also analyzed in 20 unrelated Japanese: a: 0.92; b: 0.08, observed heterozygosity: 0.15.

*Mendelian inheritance.* Mendelian inheritance was demonstrated in two three-generation and one two-generation families.

*PCR conditions.* PCR was performed in 20  $\mu$ l containing 100 ng DNA, 1.5 mM of each primer, 150  $\mu$ M dNTP, 1% formamide, 2  $\mu$ l 10 $\times$  buffer (1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>) and 1 U Taq polymerase (Perkin-Elmer) for 35 cycles as follows: 94°C for 45 sec, 60°C for 30 sec, 72°C for 45 sec with additional 1 sec in each cycle.

*Comments.* The *c-fos* gene was evaluated in 4 patients of 4 independent families of early-onset Alzheimer's disease. This polymorphism was not co-transmitted

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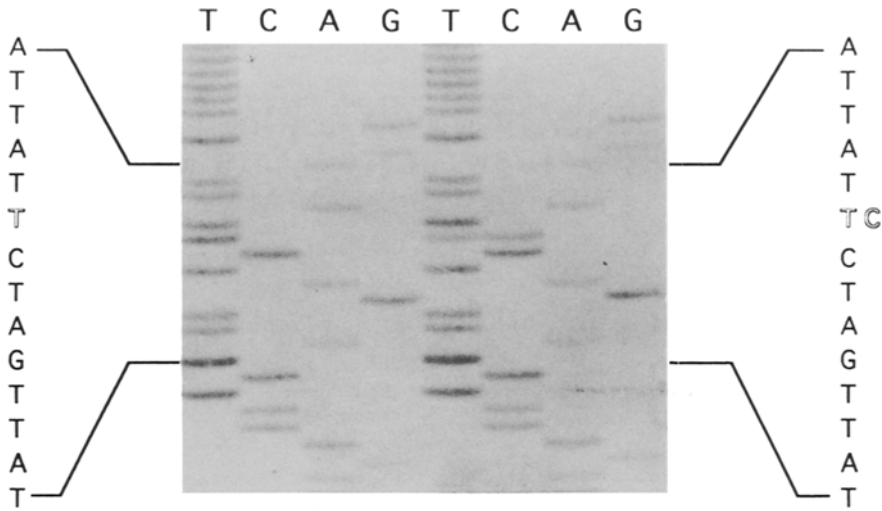


Fig. 1. Direct sequencing of the exon 3-intron 2 boundary of the *c-fos* gene. ATTAT T/C CTAG is the sequence of intron 2 and TTAT is that of exon 3.

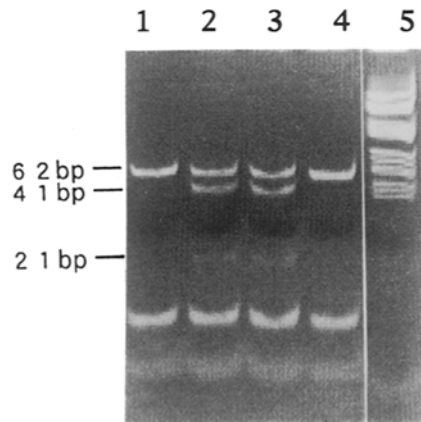


Fig. 2. Detection of a single base polymorphism by mismatched PCR-RFLP. Homozygotes of allele a (lane 1 and 4), and heterozygotes of allele a and b (lane 2 and 3) are shown. Lane 5 is MW marker (marker V, Boehringer-Mannheim).

with the onset of the disease. No other base changes were found in the exons and the exon-intron boundaries of the *c-fos* gene.

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#### References

- van Straaten F, Muller R, Curran T, Van Beveren C, Verma IM (1983): Complete nucleotide sequence of a human *c-onc* gene: Deduced amino acid sequence of the human *c-fos* protein. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* **80**: 3183-3187