NOTE



Revised Structures of Epohelmins A and B Isolated as Lanosterol Synthase Inhibitors from a Fungal Strain FKI-0929

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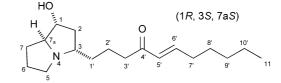
Abstract The structures of epohelmins A and B isolated as lanosterol synthase inhibitors from a fungal strain FKI-0929 were revised to be 1α -hydroxy- 3α -(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)-enyl)-pyrrolizidine and 1β -hydroxy- 3α -(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)-enyl)-pyrrolizidine, respectively, by comparison with spectral data of synthetic compounds.

Keywords epohelmin A, epohelmin B, 1-hydroxy-3 α -(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)-enyl)-pyrrolizidine, cholesterol biosynthesis, lanosterol synthase

In screening for recombinant human lanosterol synthase inhibitors from microbes, lanopylins [1] and epohelmins [2] were isolated from an actinomycete strain, *Streptomyces* sp. K99-5041, and a fungal strain FKI-0929, respectively.

The structures of lanopylins A_1 and B_1 were assigned as (3E)-isohexadecylmethylidene-2-methyl-1-pyrroline and (3E)-hexadecylmethylidene-2-methyl-1-pyrroline, respectively, by spectroscopic analyses [1]. In a recent

Proposed structure of epohelmin A



Revised structure of epohelmin A

Proposed structure of epohelmin B

Fig. 1 Structures of epohelmins A and B.

Revised structure of epohelmin B

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Table 1 NMR assignment for the acetate salts of epohelmins A and B

Position	Epohelmin A			Epohelmin B	
	13 C δ ppm	1 H δ ppm (J in Hz)	Position	13 C δ ppm	1 H δ ppm (J in Hz)
1	74.3	4.17 (1H, td, 6.3, 3.0)	1	70.2	4.38 (1H, br s)
2	40.9	2.06 (1H, m)	2	42.3	2.22 (1H, m)
		2.60 (1H, m)			2.10 (1H, m)
3	67.3	2.99 (1H, m)	3	66.7	3.30 (1H, m)
4			4		
5	51.9	3.43 (1H, dt, 12.0, 7.8)	5	52.9	3.50 (1H, m)
		2.96 (1H, dt, 12.0, 6.0)			2.88 (1H, dt, 11.0, 6.0)
6	24.2	2.04 (2H, m)	6	26.8	2.04 (2H, m)
7	28.4	2.26 (1H, m)	7	24.1	2.21 (1H, m)
		1.72(1H, m)			1.88 (1H, m)
7a	73.9	4.11 (1H, td, 8.3, 3.3)	7a	70.8	4.47 (1H, br dt, 8.5, 4.3)
1′	31.2	1.92 (1H, m)	1′	30.4	1.96 (1H, m)
		1.82 (1H, m)			1.81 (1H, m)
2′	21.1	1.64 (2H, ddt, 7.7, 7.7, 7.7)	2′	21.3	1.65 (2H, ddt, 7.5, 7.5, 7.5)
3′	39.1	2.60 (2H, t, 7.0)	3′	39.3	2.61 (2H, td, 7.1, 2.1)
4′	199.6		4′	199.8	
5′	130.1	6.07 (1H, dt, 16.0, 1.5)	5′	130.2	6.07 (1H, dt, 15.5, 1.5)
6′	148.2	6.83 (1H, dt, 15.7, 6.9)	6′	148.1	6.84 (1H, dt, 16.0, 7.0)
7′	32.5	2.21 (2H, tdd, 7.0, 7.0, 1.5)	7′	32.5	2.21 (2H, tdd, 7.0, 7.0, 1.5)
8′	27.7	1.47 (2H, tt, 7.4, 7.4)	8′	27.7	1.46 (2H, tt, 7.4, 7.4)
9′	31.3	1.31 (2H, m)	9′	31.3	1.30 (2H, m)
10′	22.4	1.29 (2H, m)	10′	22.4	1.32 (2H, m)
11′	13.9	0.90 (3H, t, 7.0)	11′	13.9	0.89 (3H, t, 7.0)

 $^{^{1}}$ H (500.00 MHz) and 13 C (125.65 MHz) NMR spectra were obtained in chloroform-d. Epohelmin A contains 0.85 \sim 0.90 equiv of HOAC, while epohelmin B contains 1 equiv of HOAc. The acetate absorbs at δ 2.00 \sim 2.01 in the 1 H NMR spectra and δ 176.5 \sim 177 and δ 22.5 \sim 23 in the 13 C NMR spectra.

report, the structure of lanopylin B_1 was confirmed by synthesis [3].

Epohelmins A and B were proposed to be two of the diastereomers of 4,5-epoxy-2-(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)-enyl)heptamethylenamine, and their relative stereochemical configurations to be (2R, 4R, 5R) or (2S, 4S, 5S) for epohelmin A, and (2R, 4S, 5R) or (2S, 4R, 5S) for epohelmin B, respectively, by spectroscopic analyses [2]. However, in the process of structural determination, we did not place much importance on the evidence that 4,5-epoxyheptamethylenamines 1readily cyclize to hydroxypyrrolizidines [4,5], and that the methine hydrogens and carbons of trans and cis-epoxycylooctanes absorb at δ 2.8~2.9 and δ 59.6~55.6, respectively [6]. Recently, 1α - and 1β -hydroxy- 3α -(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)enyl)-pyrrolizidines were synthesized by Snider and Gao [7], and all of the spectral data were identical to those of epohelmins A and B. Revised NMR assignments for epohelmins, which were isolated as the acetate salts, are

shown in Table 1. We thus here report the revised structures of epohelmins A and B, 1α -hydroxy- 3α -(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)-enyl)-pyrrolizidine and 1β -hydroxy- 3α -(4'-oxoundec-(5'E)-enyl)-pyrrolizidine, respectively, and their absolute configurations as (1R, 3S, 7aS) and (1S, 3S, 7aS), respectively.

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