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DIABETES

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he distinct but biologically related disorders that share the name diabetes impose vast human and economic losses. The US Center for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that medical expenses for people living with diabetes in the United States are, on average, 2.3 times higher than for non-diabetics. According to the World Health Organization, 346 million people worldwide — roughly the combined populations of the United States and Canada — have diabetes (page S2).

In the developing world, Type 2 diabetes is growing at an alarming rate as people gain access to the trappings of modernity — Western-style diets along with a more sedentary lifestyle. India, for example, is experiencing an alarming epidemic in T2D that threatens to sap the country's economic potency (S14).

Advances in medicine and technology offer some hope to those with type 1 diabetes — an autoimmune disorder that requires routine insulin injections. Immunomodulator agents under development could stop the body's misguided attack on the insulin-producing pancreatic cells (S4). And computercontrolled devices that monitor blood sugar levels and deliver insulin in response are taking some of the guesswork and inconvenience out of this vitally important task.

There is remarkably little certainty on how these conditions arise (S10). And although it remains unclear what triggers either T1D or T2D, the bacteria that live within us are implicated (S12).

Is diabetes preventable? On this question, the differences between T1D and T2D are perhaps most apparent (S18). Vaccines might one day be able to guard against T1D, but that day is still distant. T2D, on the other hand, appears to offer ample opportunity for individuals to manage their destiny through a healthy diet and exercise.

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Herb Brody

Supplements Editor

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CONTENTS

S2 STATISTICS

Diabetes in numbers

Disease burden and economic impact

IMMUNOMODULATORS

Cell savers

Protect beta cells, treat the disease

Managed by machine

The bionic pancreas goes automatic

S9 PFRSPFCTIVE

Rethink the immune connection Carla Greenbaum

S10 PATHOLOGY

Cause and effect

Solving the puzzle of how diabetes arises

S12 MICROBIOME

The critters within

Evidence points to gut bacteria influencing the course of diabetes

S14 PUBLIC HEALTH

The Indian time bomb

Modernization has spawned a massive epidemic

S17 PERSPECTIVE

Testing failures

Thomas Mandrup-Poulsen

Nipped in the bud

Diet and exercise work — could a vaccine be in the offing?

COLLECTION

- \$21 The NLRP3 inflammasome instigates obesity-induced inflammation and insulin resistance B. Vandanmagsar et al.
- Solving the plot: early events are the key to diabetes intervention Alexander V. Chervonsky
- \$33 Sleep and eating behavior in adults at risk for type 2 diabetes J. M. Kilkus et al.
- \$39 The worldwide epidemiology of type 2 diabetes mellitus-present and future perspectives Lei Chen, Dianna J. Magliano and

Paul Z. Zimmet