

## **Erratum**

## Different types of glomerulopathic light chains interact with mesangial cells using a common receptor but exhibit different intracellular trafficking patterns

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**Correction to:** *Laboratory Investigation* (2004) **84**, 440–451. doi:10.1038/labinvest.3700069

Due to a publisher error, Figure 13 was inadvertently rotated. The correct orientation of the figure is shown below:





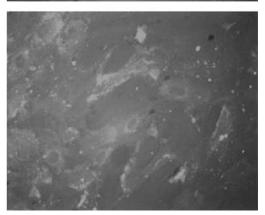


Figure 13 × 500—top and middle panels and × 350—bottom panel. HMCs in culture in temperature/pH—controlled chamber incubated with Texas red-labeled G-LCs (AL—top and LCDD—bottom). Fluorescent microscopy: LysoTracker marking lysosomes tagged with fluorescein and G-LCs tagged with Texas red. Top—30 min postincubation of HMCs with AL-LC; middle—75 min postincubation with AL-LC; bottom panel—75 min postincubation with AL-LC; bottom panel—75 min postincubation with LCDD-LC. Internalized AL-LCs (top) are delivered to late (mature) lysosomal compartment where they eventually colocalize with lysosomes (middle panel—yellow indicates colocalization). In bottom panel, note lack of LC internalization and colocalization with mature lysosomes.