Turning to the collisions of neutrons with atomic nuclei, the interaction is very small except at very small distances, on account of the small external fields of the neutron. The collision radius for a number of elements has been calculated by Massev and measured experimentally by a number of workers-in the very interesting case of hydrogen the cross section found experimentally is too small for the theory, and Chadwick makes the suggestion that if either the neutron or the proton is a complex particle, there may be an exchange interaction between the particles which reduces the effective cross section. In addition to these elastic collisions between neutrons and nuclei, inelastic collisions, resulting in disintegration of the struck nucleus, have been observed. The production of positive electrons by neutrons has been reported, but more work is needed here to separate the effects of neutrons and y-rays.

University and Educational Intelligence

CAMBRIDGE.—The Appointments Committee of the Faculty of Biology "B" will shortly proceed to appoint a University demonstrator in pathology, the appointment to commence on July 1, 1934. Particulars as to stipend and duties may be obtained from Prof. Dean at the Department of Pathology, to whom applications should be sent on or before February 1, 1934.

The Adam Smith prize has been awarded to B. P. Adarkar, of King's College.

READING.—Prof. Francis A. Cavenagh has been appointed professor of education as from September 30. Prof. Cavenagh is at present professor of education in University College, Swansea.

Mr. H. R. Dent has presented to the University Library a complete set of "Everyman's Library", about nine hundred volumes, as an expression of his appreciation of the growth and work of University College and the University of Reading, as recorded in Dr. Childs's recently published book "Making a University".

LORD WAKEFIELD has undertaken to provide funds for a special lecturer in aeronautics for a period of three years at University College, Hull. The salary offered is £450 per annum. Applications should be made to the Principal, University College, Hull.

SCIENTIFIC research in the University of Wisconsin is to be stimulated on a lavish scale by relieving thirty-six full professors of all teaching duties, for periods ranging from a semester to a year, to devote themselves to research in various fields of pure and applied science. This new departure in university policy is the more striking by reason of the source from which it is being financed, namely, the Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, a non-profit-making corporation holding the patents of many discoveries made at the University by members of the faculty and using the income derived from them to promote more research. Most famous among these patents is one relating to the Steenbock process by which the vitamin D potencies of cod liver oil and other substances have been standardised and raised by irradiation with ultra-violet light. An announcement of the scheme has been circulated by Science Service, of Washington, D.C.

Calendar of Nature Topics

A Christmas Bird Census

A happy custom, now widely spread through Canada and the United States, is the combination of a holiday outing on or about Christmas Day with a methodical census of the birds in the district. The results, which give numerical statements of the bird population at many different places, ought to be as useful in interpreting the winter relations between residents and migrants, and the effects of different kinds of winters upon the distribution of birds, as summer censuses in Great Britain are in fixing the density of breeding populations. An indication of the extent of the Christmas Bird Census movement is given by the records of the observations made in Canada in 1931, published in the Canadian Field Naturalist of February 1932. Sixteen field clubs, ranging from Vancouver Island to Montreal and Toronto, have contributed their observations, generally made by small parties of observers-Ottawa had twenty-one observers in ten parties in the field, the Brodie Club of Toronto thirty observers in eight parties working from 7.30 a.m. until 3 p.m.

The Toronto Club saw 1,989 birds belonging to 41 species, excluding the introduced English sparrow, the only uncountable bird, recorded simply as "abundant" by every party. The Ottawa census revealed the largest number of starlings (831) in any Ottawa Christmas census, the previous record being 608 in 1930, an indication that this introduced species is also finding conditions very favourable.

It is a striking fact that in both censuses these introduced birds far exceed in number any of the native species-the numbers are remarkable : Ottawa, English sparrow 997, starling 831; Toronto, sparrow "abundant" everywhere, starling 508; the native bird which most closely approaches these aliens in the Ottawa district is the eastern snow-bunting with 308 individuals, and in the Toronto area, the oldsquaw duck with 285, closely followed by the herring gull with 275. Of ruffed grouse the 1931 number (14) was exceeded only in 1926 (16); the number of American golden-eyes (45) was beaten only in 1927 ; and the 167 black-capped chickadees of 1930 were exceeded only in 1927 and 1929. The standardising of the routes traversed by the parties each year may lead to results of more value for comparative purposes. The idea of the Christmas Bird Census might be developed with advantage in Great Britain.

Sea-Lion Breeding Season

From about the end of December until the end of January the pups of the southern sea-lion (Otaria bryonia) are born upon the Falkland Islands, and during the time when they remain with their mothers they undergo a training in aquatic habits. At first the pups, which from a very early age are tolerably active, play with each other upon the beach and later in shallow tidal pools, but J. E. Hamilton found that they avoided deep water and were only induced to leave the shallows by the deliberate enticement of the cows (Nat. Hist. Mag., 4, 56; 1933). A cow swims off-shore, her pup following as a dog swims, head held high, flippers beating rapidly. When water of a suitable depth is reached, the cow sets an example of shallow diving, endeavouring to get the pup to follow, and if the tired youngster endeavours to find a haven of refuge upon its mother's