Expresso® Cloning and Expression Systems: Expressioneering™ Technology streamlines recombinant protein expression

The Expresso® Cloning and Expression Systems use Expressioneering™ Technology to dramatically increase the speed and efficiency of target gene cloning and soluble protein expression in *Escherichia coli*. With Expressioneering, PCR products are cloned instantly and directionally into preprocessed expression vectors without sample cleanup or enzyme treatment. The Expresso Rhamnose System is a single-host system ideal for high throughput, allowing cloning in an effortless afternoon and recombinant protein expression the next day.

Lucigen has developed the Expresso Cloning and Expression Systems to meet the increasing demand for fast and efficient cloning and expression methods for recombinant protein production. The Expresso kits use an in vivo recombinational cloning strategy called Expressioneering Technology (Fig. 1). Expressioneering resembles ligase-independent cloning (LIC) in that it depends on the addition of short sequences at both ends of a target gene by PCR. These added sequences provide complementarity to the ends of the vector flanking the cloning site, allowing recombination in vivo. However, Expressioneering eliminates the requirement inherent to LIC methodology for generation of single-stranded DNA ends using the exonuclease activity of T4 DNA polymerase in vitro.

Instant cloning with Expressioneering Technology

To clone by Expressioneering, an aliquot (typically 1 μl) of unpurified PCR product is mixed with the preprocessed Expresso vector and immediately transformed into the chemically competent cells provided. Recombination between the vector and PCR product within the host cells precisely fuses the target gene to the vector in the proper orientation. The design and preparation of the Expresso System vectors ensure minimal background transformation with non-recombinant clones. For most genes, more than 90% of colonies will have the target gene correctly inserted into the vector.

Elimination of the requirement for PCR product cleanup and enzyme treatment not only saves the cost of enzymes and multiple incubation and sample-handling steps but also simplifies the design of expression clones. Seamless fusion to the vector eliminates undesirable amino acids encoded by restriction sites or site-specific recombination sites. End points of the target protein can be selected at will. Additional sequences, such as short fusion tags or protease cleavage sites, can be introduced via primer design as desired.

Expresso kits are available with preprocessed vectors containing either of two inducible promoters (T7 or rhamnose), and in several different configurations for expression of target proteins with convenient fusion tags for enhanced expression and purification (Fig. 1). Currently available Expresso System vectors include sequences encoding either N- or C-terminal hexahistidine (6xHis) tags, permitting convenient target-protein purification by immobilized metal-affinity chromatography (IMAC). The Expresso SUMO (small ubiquitin-like modifier) vectors allow fusion to an N-terminal, cleavable 6xHis-SUMO tag for enhanced soluble expression of difficult target proteins.

The Expresso T7 kits include pETite® vectors, containing the bacteriophage T7 promoter under the control of *lac* operators. The kits are provided with two types of competent cells: HI-Control™ 10G

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**Figure 1 |** Expressioneering Technology and Expresso System vectors.
cells for stable clone construction, and HI-Control BL21(DE3) cells for expression from the T7 promoter. Confirmed clones constructed in HI-Control 10G cells are transferred to HI-Control BL21(DE3) cells for protein expression. The HI-Control strains feature a specially engineered lacI allele that expresses ~200-fold more lac repressor protein than native chromosomal lacI, providing enhanced control over the leaky expression common in other T7 systems. The pETite T7 vectors do not carry the lacI gene, and at 2.2–2.5 kb are much smaller than typical pET vectors (~5.5 kb). This reduced size improves cloning efficiency, accommodates larger genes or operons, and simplifies downstream manipulations such as site-directed mutagenesis.

High-throughput cloning and expression with Expresso Rhamnose System

The New Expresso Rhamnose System uses a single host strain for stable clone construction and protein expression. The Expresso Rhamnose kits include pRham™ vectors, which have the same design as the pETite vectors but feature the rhamnose-inducible rhaP_BAD promoter. This highly versatile promoter, which is recognized by the E. coli RNA polymerase, is inducible to a variable degree in the presence of the sugar L-rhamnose in the range of 0.001%–0.2% (Fig. 2a). In the absence of rhamnose, the rhaP_BAD promoter has very low activity, allowing stable clone construction. Expression from the rhaP_BAD promoter is typically somewhat lower than from the T7 promoter. For some aggregation-prone proteins, this lower rate of expression may actually favor correct folding. We have obtained yields of recombinant protein expression. Thus, cloning can be performed in an afternoon, and candidates can be evaluated for expression using autoinduction medium the next day.

Enhanced expression of soluble proteins with Expresso SUMO kits

The Expresso SUMO kits are designed to enhance the soluble expression of target proteins that are otherwise poorly expressed or insoluble. SUMO is a 100-amino-acid polypeptide derived from the yeast SMT3 gene that has been shown to improve the soluble yield of a variety of otherwise poorly soluble proteins. The SUMO tag can be removed from the target protein by SUMO Express protease, which cleaves precisely at the C terminus of SUMO, leaving no extraneous residues attached to the target protein. Figure 3 presents examples of two hydrolase enzymes that were produced in an insoluble form when expressed with a C-terminal 6xHis tag using the pETite C-His vector, but with improved solubility using the pETite SUMO vector. Although tag removal was not necessary for hydrolase activity, the tag could be removed efficiently by SUMO Express protease.

The extreme simplicity of the Expressioneering Technology embodied in the Expresso Cloning and Expression Systems is well suited to high-throughput cloning and expression studies. The Expresso Rhamnose System in particular is a single-host system with tunability and convenient autoinduction protocols, making it highly amenable to automation for high-throughput cloning and protein expression. The convenience of preprocessed vector, elimination of multiple enzyme treatment and cleanup steps, and improved control over leaky expression should also benefit researchers studying individual proteins.

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